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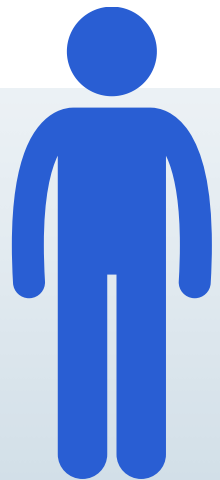
SESSION V: FROM RURAL LIVELIHOOD TO RURAL WELLBEING

*Empowering women and rural communities
towards prosperity*

GUATEMALA DATA

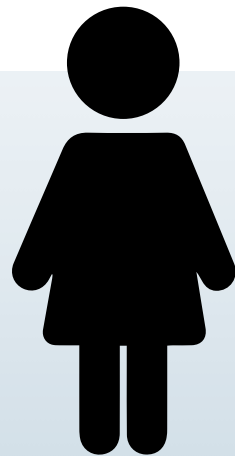
Guatemala's Demographi

CS 14,901,286



7,223,096 MEN

48.5 %



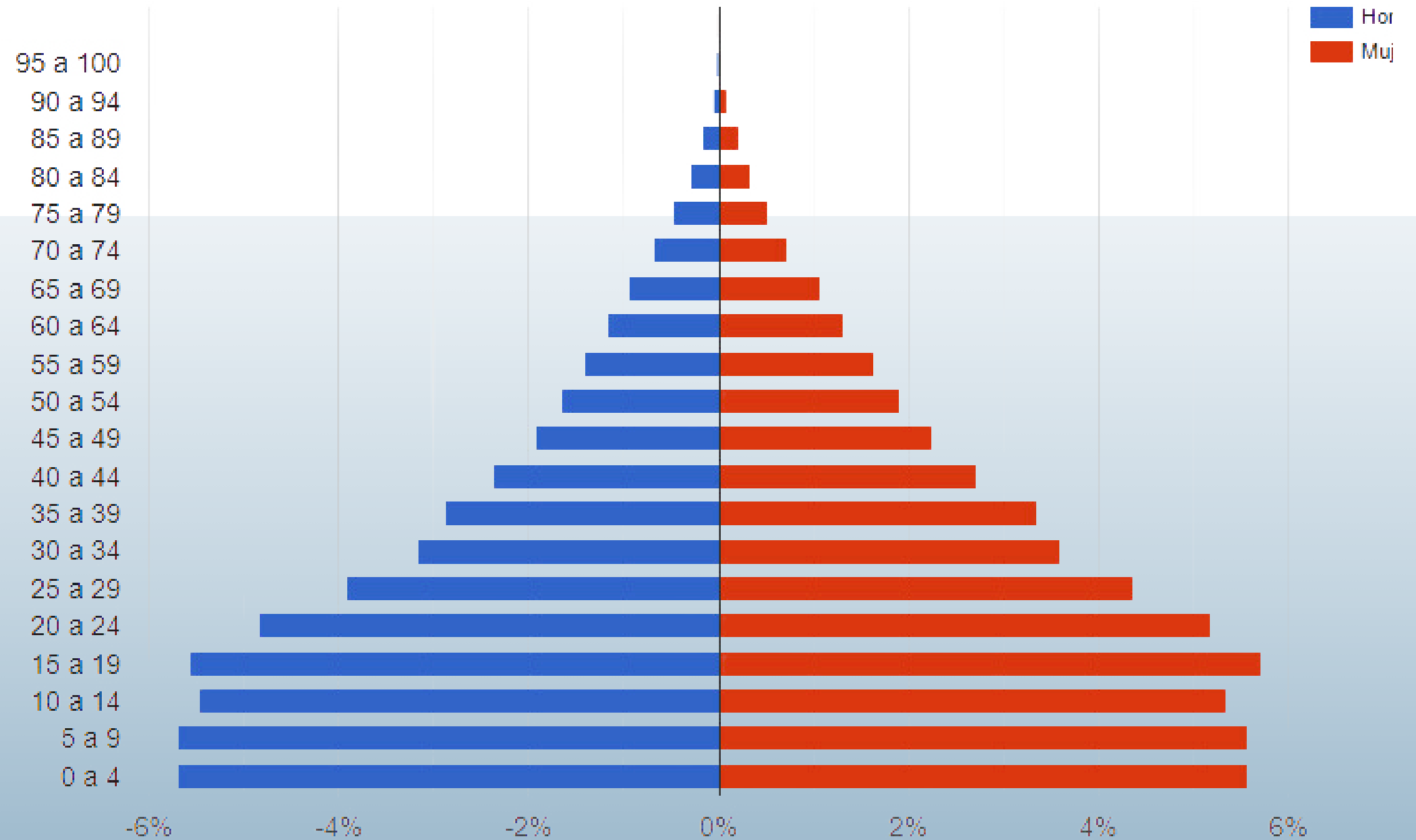
7,678,190 WOMEN

51.5 %

1.8 %

**Intercensal growth rate
2002 - 2019**

POPULATION PYRAMID



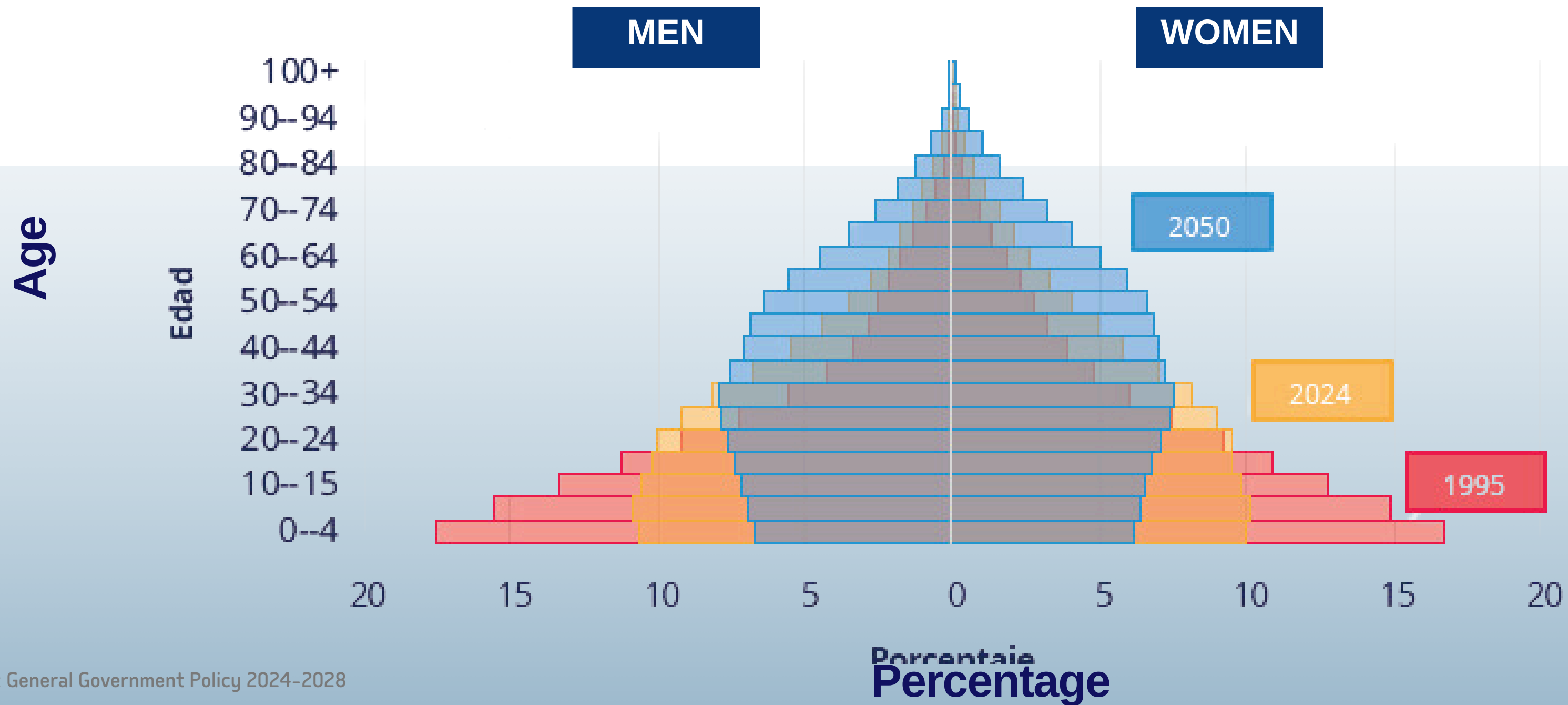
Guatemala's Population

STRUCTURE PROJECTION



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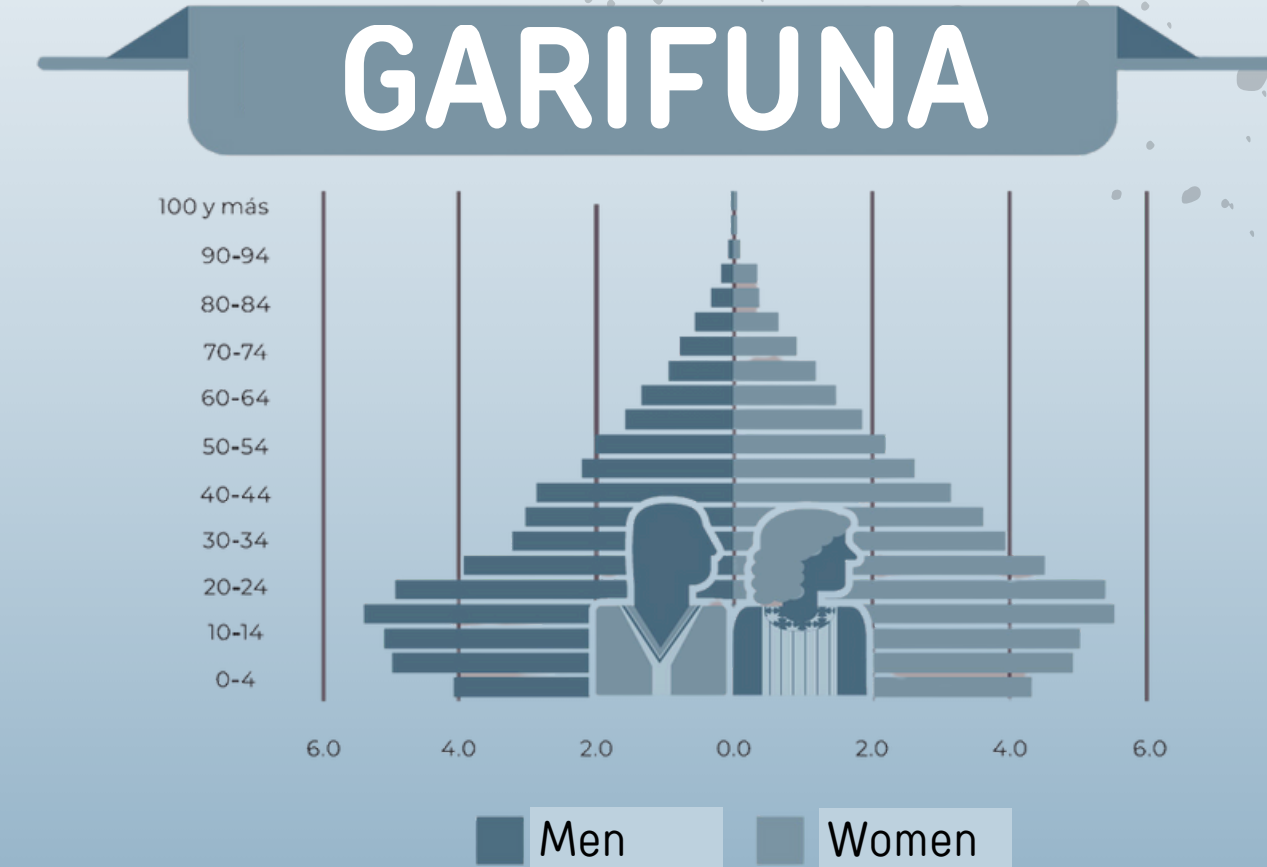
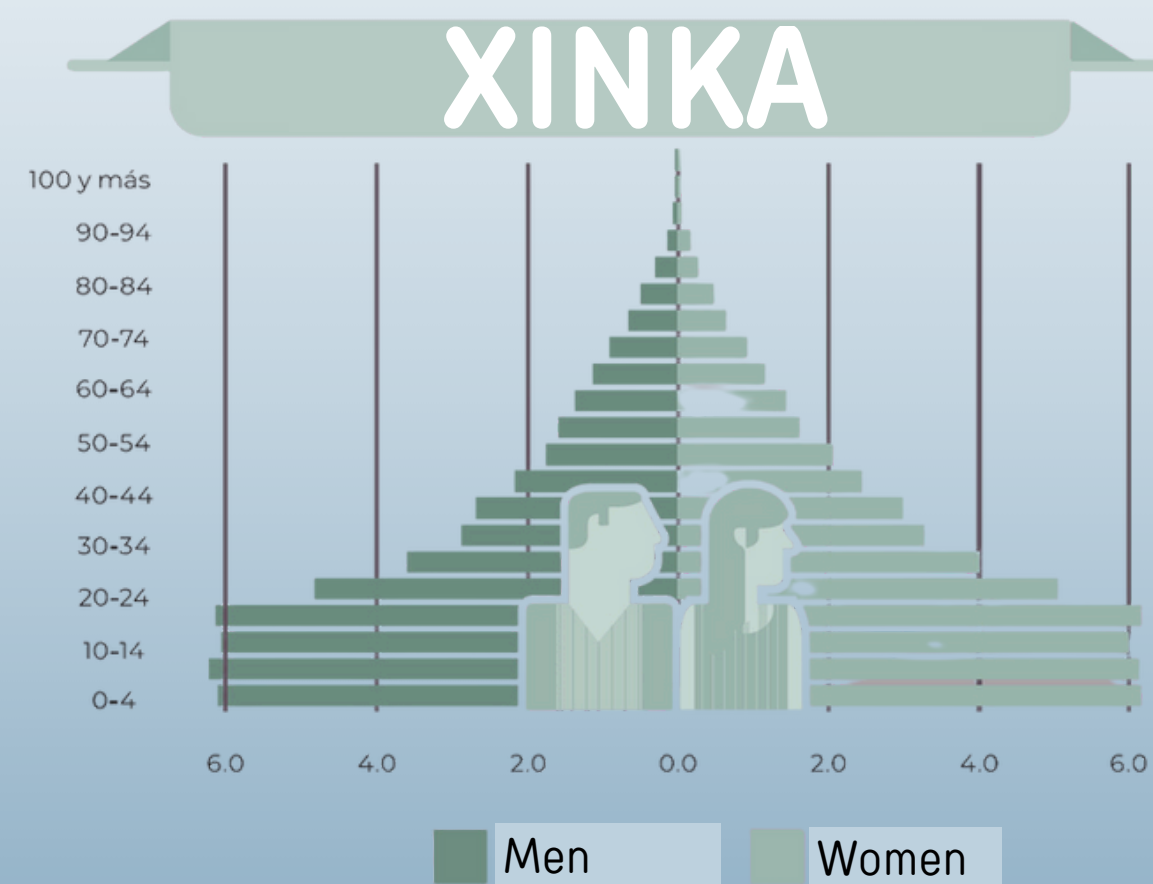
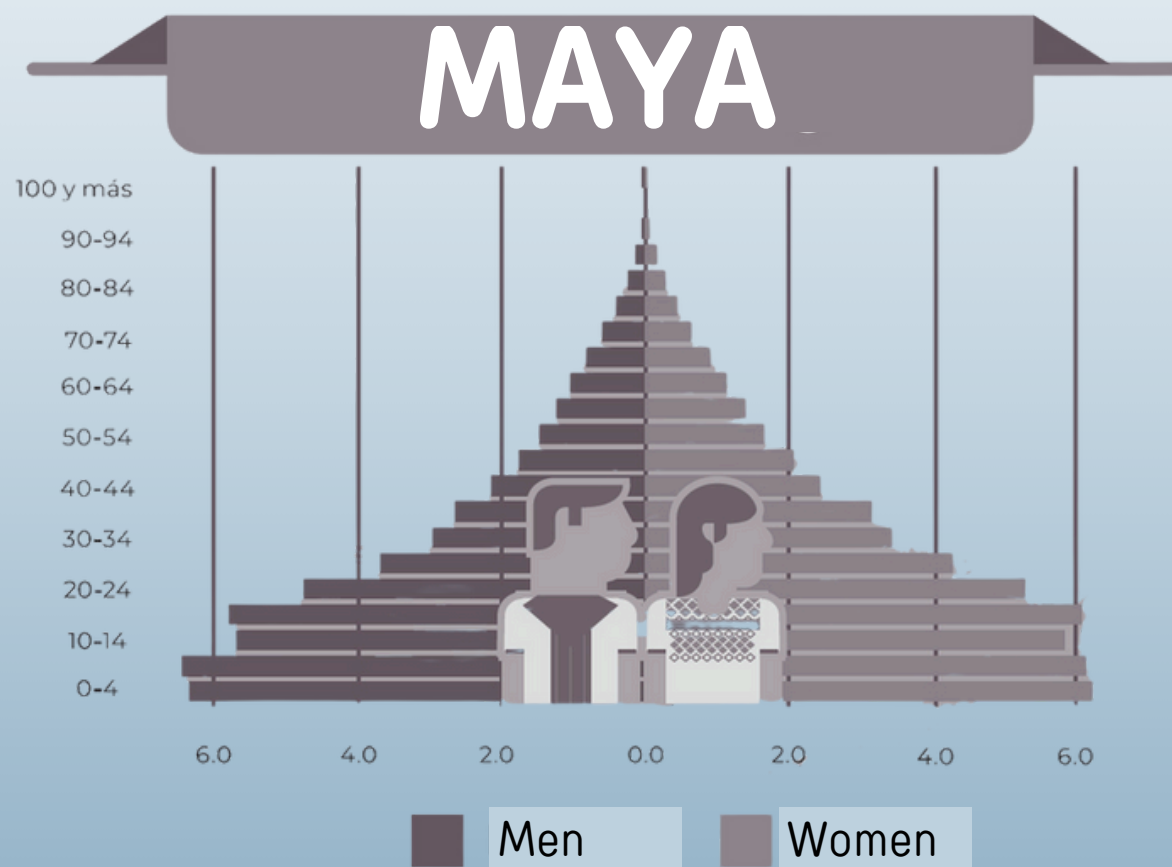
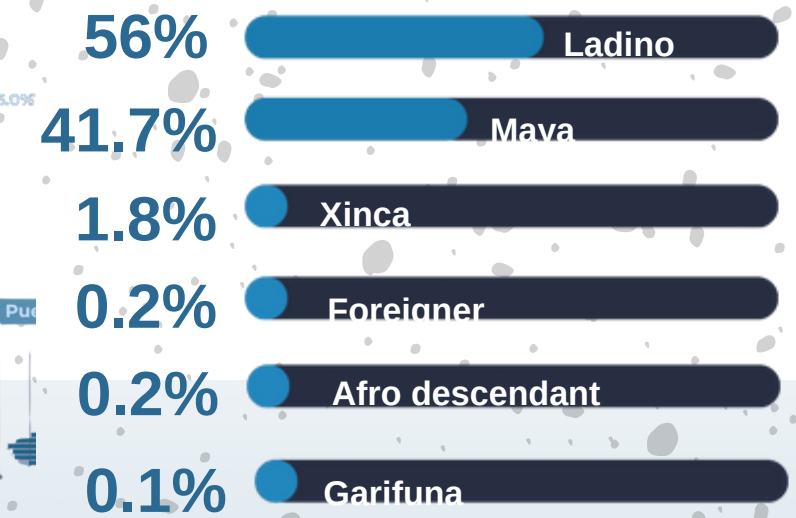
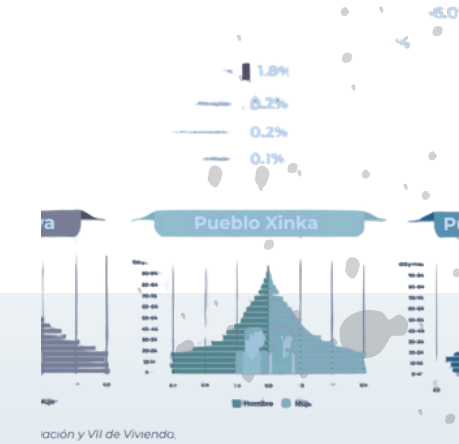
ESTIMATION AND PROJECTION OF POPULATION STRUCTURE



Demographi BY ETHNIC GROUP CS



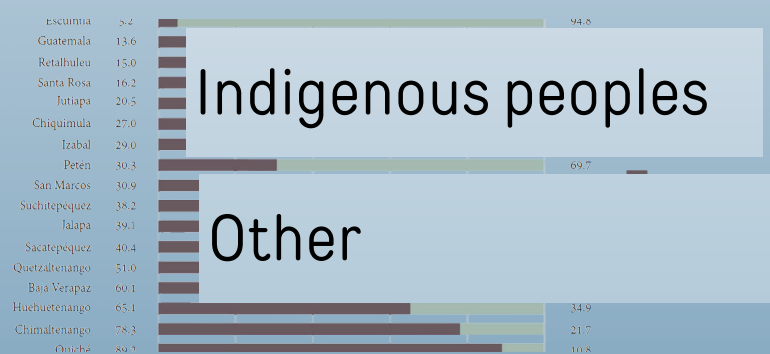
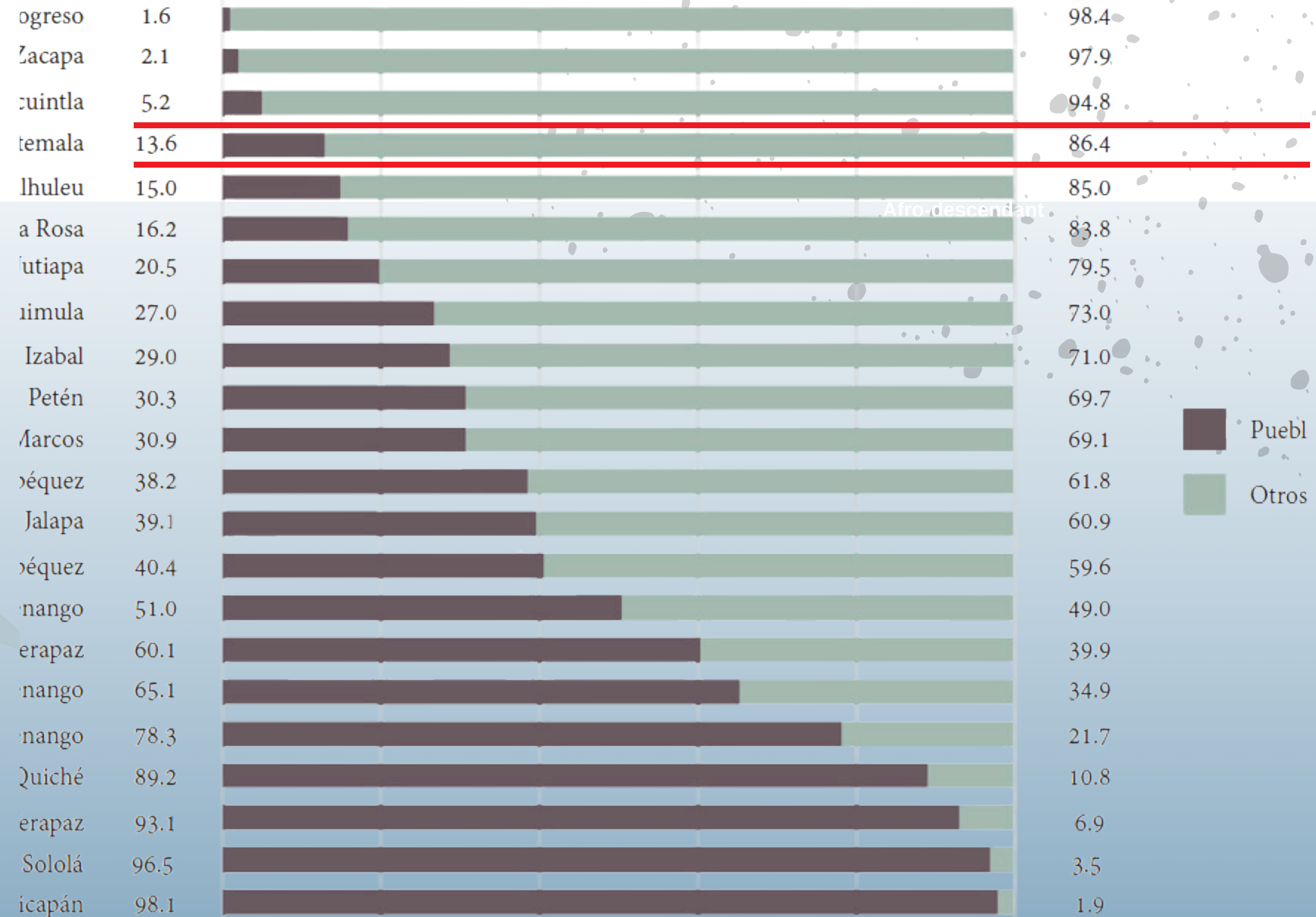
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Geographic distribution OF INDIGENOUS PEOPLES



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Source: UNDP, Our voices for our rights, based on 2018. XII National Population Census and VII Housing Census

Poverty and Malnutrition IN GUATEMALA

8 OUT OF 10 WOMEN

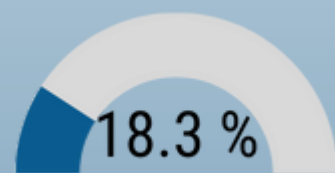
Are doing most of the domestic and care jobs.



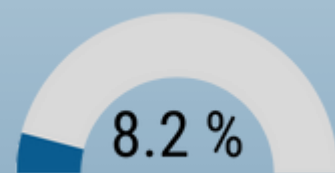
Urban area



Rural area



Metropolitan area



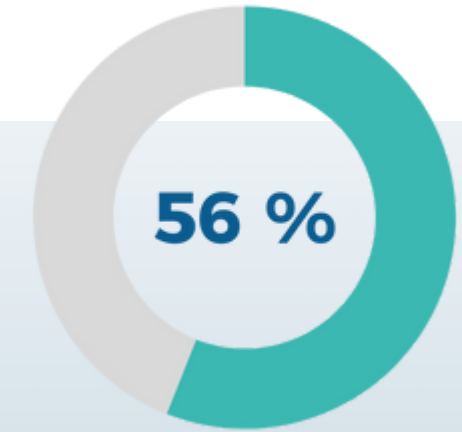
Women employment is at 10.7% on outer Urban areas; 18.3% in Rural areas, and 8.2% in the Metropolitan Urban area.

National Employment and Income Survey (ENEI 2022)

Indicator



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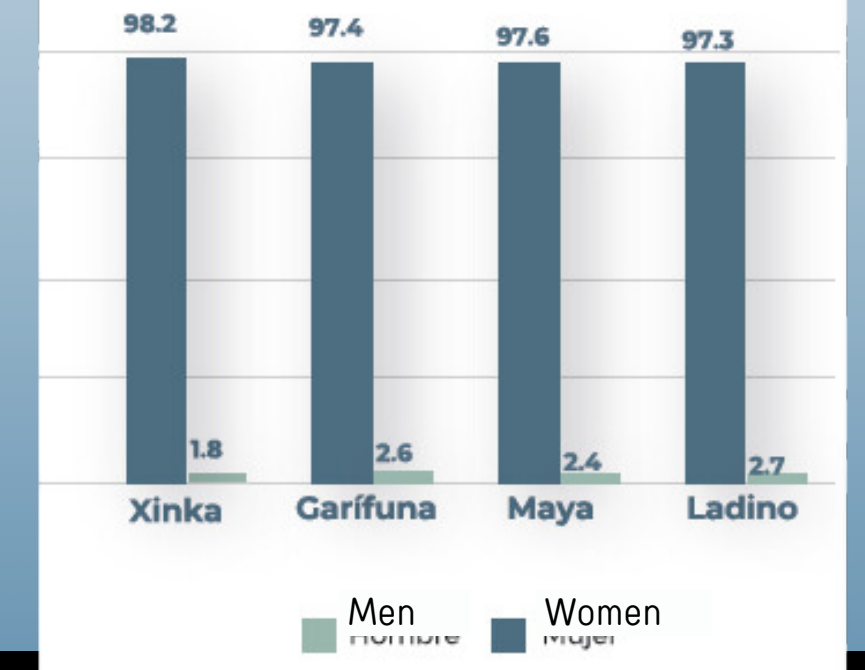
56% of the population lives in poverty, and 16.2% lives in extreme poverty

National Survey of Living Conditions (ENCOVI 2023)



Source: UNDP, Our voices for our rights, based on 2018. XII National Population Census and VII Housing Census

Work by sex and ethnics



Main Challenges

FACED BY WOMEN



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Gender Violence



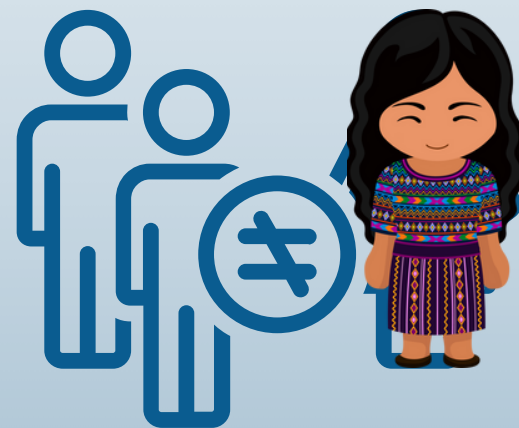
Economic inequality



Limited access to education



Reproductive Health



Discrimination and stigmatization



Political participation



Poverty

Equity as principle OF THE GENERAL GOVERNMENT POLICY 2024-2028



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EQUITY AS A GUIDING PRINCIPLE OF PUBLIC POLICY

The State, in collaboration with society, must break the cycle and correct the hegemony of inequalities present throughout our history, starting with equality according to the law, adequate legal protection for women and human rights defenders against gender violence, so that ethnics, culture, age, gender, disabilities, sexual diversity, nationality, and age differences, as well as political and economic power, should not be sources of discrimination.



National

to eradicate

VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN measures



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1



Ratification of international commitments

helps women around the world to make changes in their daily lives.

2



Decree 22-2008

Law against Femicide and other Forms of Violence against Women, The thematic table for the prevention of sexual violence, exploitation and human trafficking was established, as one of the technical-political structures of the Specific Cabinet for Social Development (GEDS)

3



Decree 9-2009

Legal reforms have been approved to incorporate the felony of sexual assault into the Penal Code through Decree Number 9-2009 of the Congress of the Republic, Law against sexual violence, exploitation and human trafficking

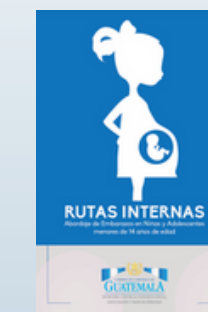
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Mobile units for prevention

In 2021, SVET created the Mobile Units for the Prevention of Sexual Violence, Exploitation and Human Trafficking (Univet).

5



Roadmap for the prevention of early unions

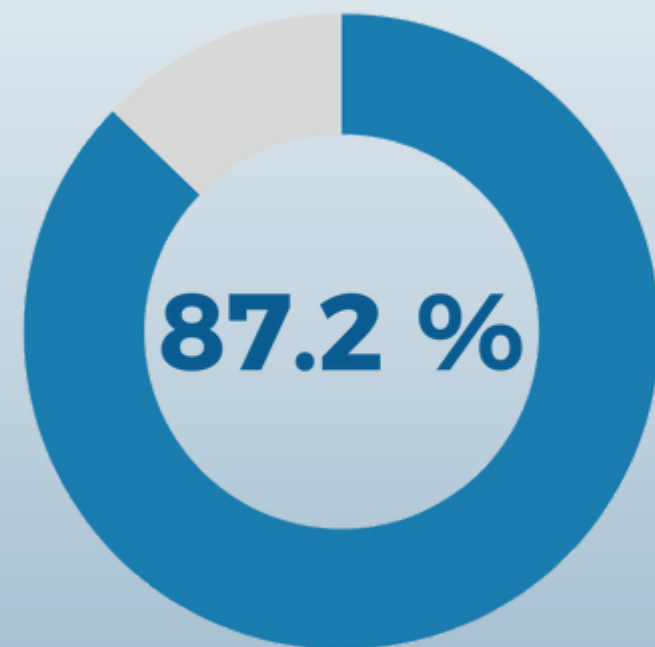
SEPREM developed the Roadmap for the prevention of early unions and pregnancies in girls and adolescents and its implementation in local governments.

Mechanisms and tools

TO INCORPORATE GENDER EQUALITY IN ALL SECTORS

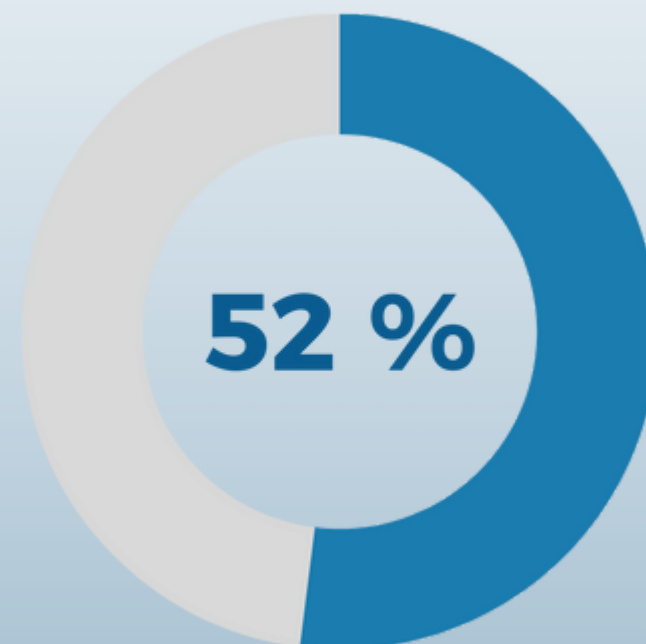
Economic inequality

According to ENEI 2022, 87.2% of all unpaid activities are carried out by women.



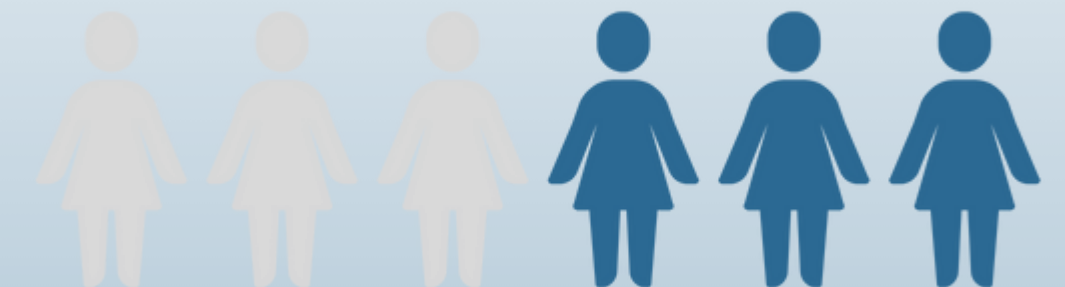
Decent employment

The National Decent Employment Policy 2017-2032 was promoted, offering 3,167 positions at the National Employment Fair by the year 2023, with the participation of 8,836 people, which 52% were women.



Technical assistance to women in rural areas

Technical assistance is provided to vulnerable rural women to enhance their productive skills and abilities. 144,801 women have been trained through 89,331 training events and 655 commercial events.

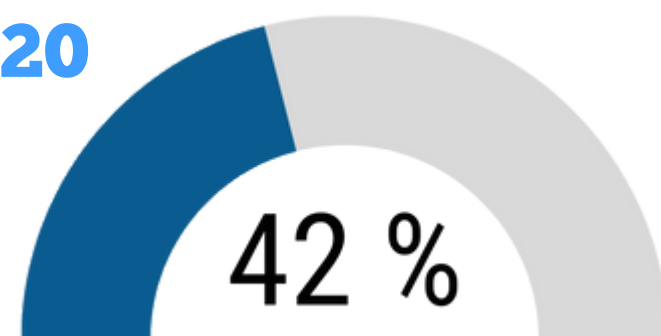


144,801 women have been trained

MacroeconomPolicies

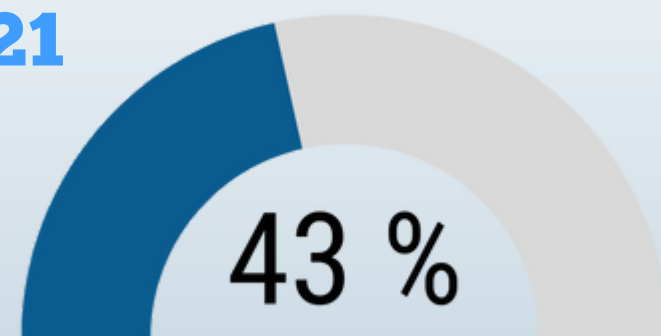
TO DRIVE THE ECONOMY WITH GENDER EQUALITY IC

2020



The Bank of Guatemala reported that, in the national banking system, the behavior of credits in favor of women has fluctuated, in 2020 it represented 42%; in 2021 it increased to 43% and fell to 42% in 2022.

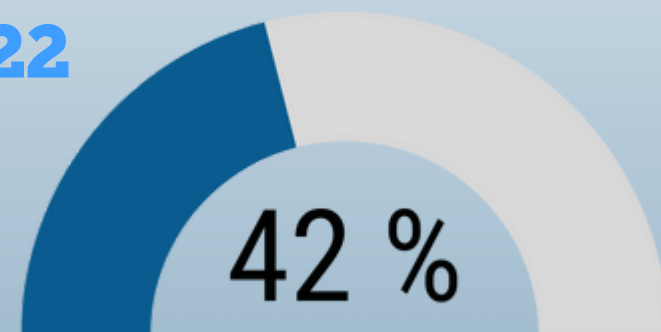
2021



By June 2023, it was reported that, out of every 10 loans, approximately 4 are destined for women, representing 38% of the total.



2022

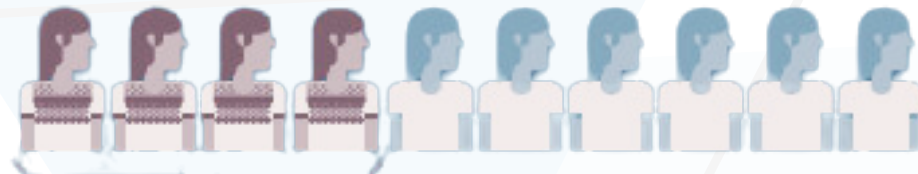


Interest rates offered to women are 23.3%, and 22.1% offered to men, representing a gap of 1.2%.

Access to EDUCATION



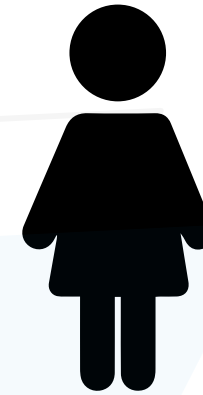
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4 out of 10 rural Mayan women cannot read or write



3 out of 10 rural Garifuna women cannot read or write



School retention data for 2022 was 97% for the primary education, 95% for the basic education and 95% for the High school education.



In 2020, 2.5 million students were attended. In 2021 and 2022, coverage was increased to 2.6 million students, with a total budget execution of Q6,438.9 million.

The School Feeding Program aims to help the growth and development of children and teenagers in school age.



In March 2024, through Government Agreement 36-2024, the School Health Program was created.



14,140 English Scholarships were awarded between 2022-2023 to students from public schools and cooperatives, to improve language skills, awarding 8,619 women and 5,521 men (60.95% women and 39.05% men)



Action Taken

TO IMPROVE WOMEN'S AND GIRL'S HEALTH



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Reduction of maternal mortality

The MSPAS approved the 2021-2025 National Policy Action Plan of Midwives of the Four Communities of Guatemala.

Development of 0-6 years

In 2024, the MSPAS approved the Public Policy for Integral Development of Early Childhood 2024-2044 [MV5], which seeks to assure the development from pregnancy to 6 years of age, in line to the definition of early childhood with that of the Committee on the Rights of the Child

use of antiretrovirals

The MSPAS implements the Guide for the use of antiretrovirals in People with Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) and its prophylactic application [MV6],

Comprehensive Law on the HIV Virus [MV10]

In 2024, Bill No. 6396 Integral Law on the Human Immunodeficiency Virus - HIV- [MV10] was presented to the Congress of the Republic of Guatemala (CRG), which aims to create a legal framework that guarantees universal access to HIV prevention.

1

2

3

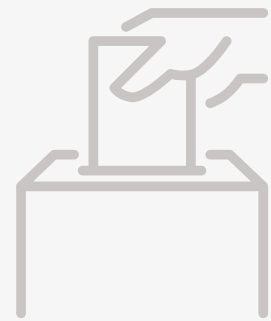
4

Women's Participation IN POLITICS



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54%



2023, the electoral roll consisted of 5.06 million women (54%)

20.6%

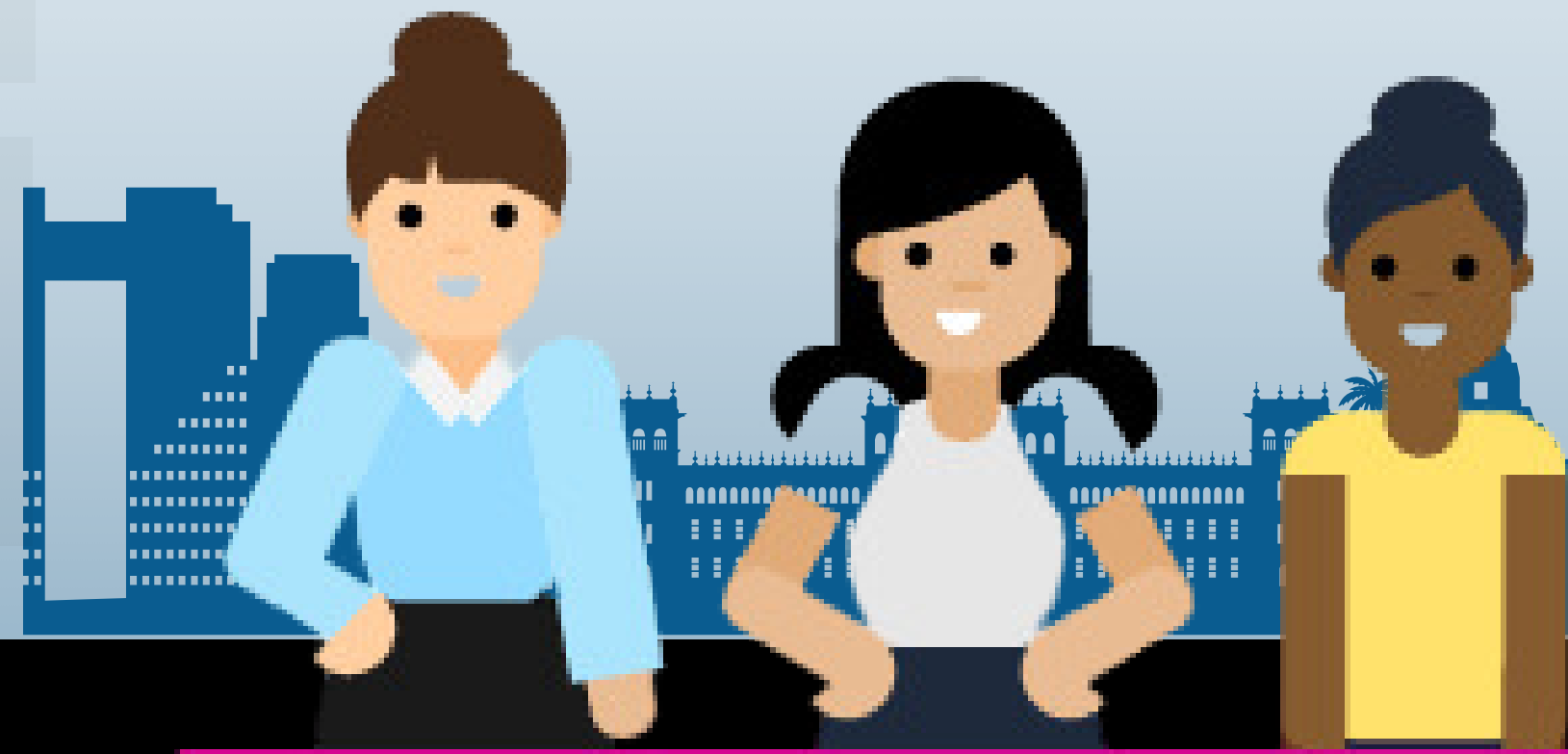


2023, one woman was elected as Vice President, 46 in the Legislative Body, 33 deputies, representing 20.6% of the deputies.

3.5%



Of the 340 mayors, 12 elected women mayors representing 3.5%, one identified as an indigenous woman in San Pedro La Laguna, Sololá.



Efforts to Reduce POVERTY



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hand in hand



Aims to impact in a multidimensional form, in 7 dimensions: health; education; agriculture; social protection; home infrastructure; economic activation; and the strengthening of local governance.

The Avenues for Good Living program is linked to the PGG 2024-2028, AXIS 5: “The economic infrastructure for good living.” and seeks to promote projects to improve rural roads and highways, bringing goods and services closer to the neediest population and promoting community development.

The Educational Bonus is awarded to families that fulfill the tasks of enrollment and attendance in the pre-primary and primary school cycle for their members between 6-15 years old.

The Superior Scholarship Program promotes the permanence and continuity of young people living in poverty or extreme poverty (16 to 28 years old). Between 2020-2023, it was awarded to 4,113 women and 1,801 men, executing a total budget of Q11.84 million (Mides, 2024).



PROGRAMA BECA SOCIAL EDUCACIÓN MEDIA

Social Scholarship Program, focused on high school education and consists of supporting young people between the ages of 11-24 years old in poverty or extreme poverty situation on urban and rural areas.

Between 2020-2024 it has been awarded to 12,939 women and 14,277 men, executing a budget of Q58.93 million (Mides, 2024)

FOOD BAG PROGRAM

Aimed to increase access to basic food basket products for families living in poverty and extreme poverty, in urban and rural areas. Between 2020-2024, it helped 110,936 women and 5,842 men, executing a budget of Q200.71 million.



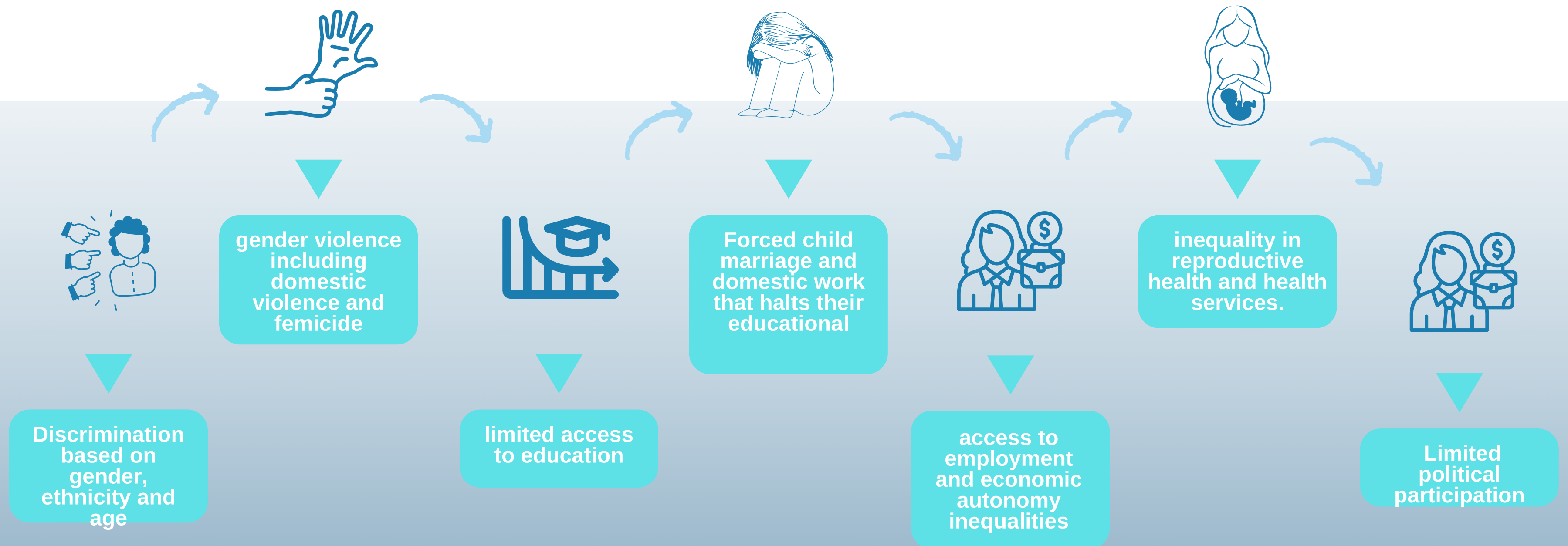
The Ministry of Agriculture, Livestock and Food (MAGA) has promoted the participation of women in productive organizations through the School Feeding Program, where they are involved as suppliers, allowing them to improve their economic income. Between September 2021 and June 2023, 169,612 women benefited.

Barriers to Achieve GENDER EQUALITY



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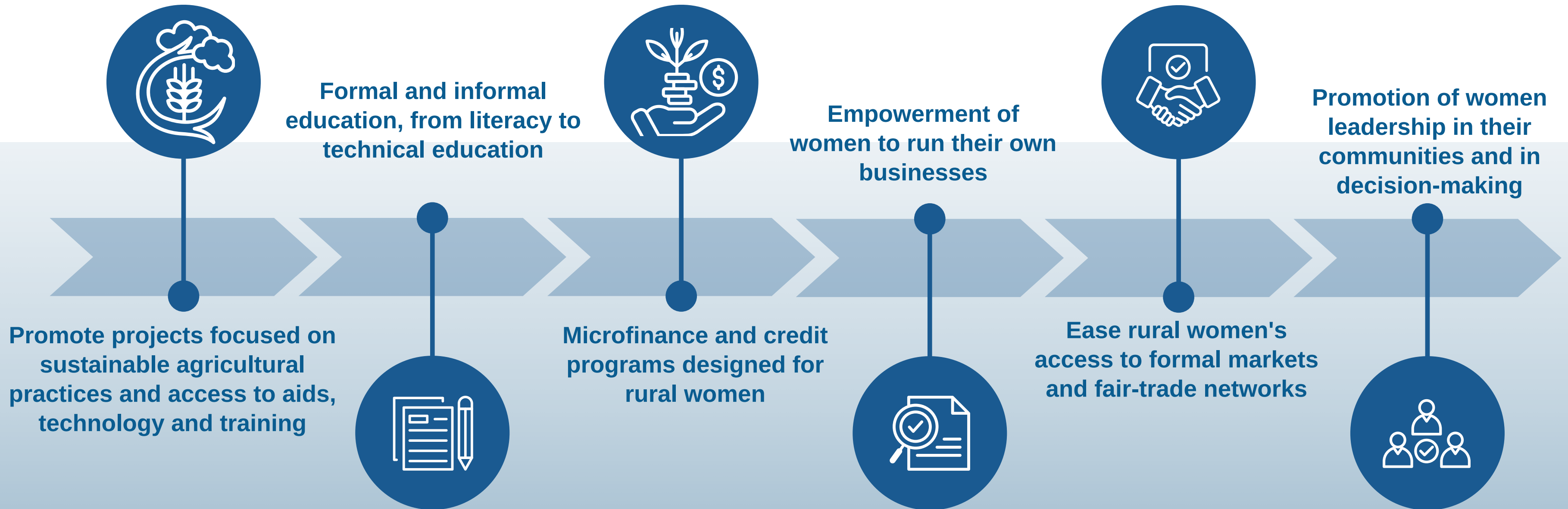
In Guatemala, gender equality faces several barriers, especially in vulnerable groups such as indigenous, rural and low-income women. Among the main barriers we can point out:



Proposed Solutions FOR WOMEN EMPOWERMENT



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Thank you
for your
time



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