



Voluntary Metropolitan Review Prof R Saner/CSEND/Geneva

URGENT NEED TO ADDRESS THE COMPLEX AND OFTEN VERY DIFFICULT SITUATION OF METROPOLITAN AREAS



Today, some 56% of the world's population – 4.4 billion inhabitants – live in cities. This trend is expected to continue, with the urban population more than doubling its current size by 2050, at which point nearly 7 of 10 people will live in cities. and by 2030, 43 cities around the globe will have 10 million or more inhabitants according to UNDESA estimations



3. VMR- Voluntary Metropolitan Reviews

Metropolitan areas are defined as a population between 500 000 and 1.5 million people (OECD).

The UNECE region has several such metropolitan areas which are agglomerations of different separate cities and towns which became integrated into a larger size urban areas.

These separate areas often retain some form of autonomy making it challenging for the larger metropolitan agglomeration to coordinate sustainable growth of its infrastructure, personal mobility, safeguarding food security, managing waste and social development such as education, health, security and housing rules and regulations



1. VNR- Voluntary National Reviews

regular and inclusive reviews of progress of 2030 Agenda implementation at the national and subnational levels, which are country-led and countrydriven", every year at HLPF 40+ countries present their VNR

1. VLR- Voluntary Local Reviews

local and regional governments reports on their 2030 Agenda implementation. These VLRs can reinforce vertical coherence and complement and contribute to the national Voluntary National Reviews of SDG implementation.





UNECE SDG Forum 2023









The 2030 Agenda of Barcelona Mme Bàrbara Pons Giner

UNECE Side event, 27th March 2023: How to implement the SDGs across territorial units with their own political mandate and institutions



The challenge of Metropolitan governance in Barcelona

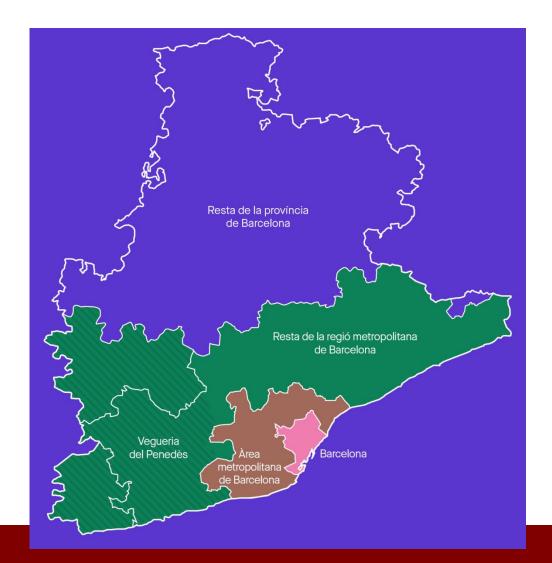




Municipality of Barcelona 102 SqKm 1,6 million inhab. Density: 15.686 inhab./SqKm

Metropolitan Area of Barcelona 636 SqKm 36 Municipalities 3,2 million inhab. Density: 5.031 inhab./SqKm

Metropolitan Region of Barcelona 2.464 SqKm 160 Municipalities 5,1 million inhab. Density: 2.069 inhab /SqKm



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The larger the cities grow into metropolitan or megacity size urban centres, the more challenges and opportunities emerge for growth and development and sustainable development becomes an absolute necessity to avoid chaotic development with ensuing conflicts of multiple kind.

Yet unplanned growth coupled with inherent system vulnerability, especially in mega cities of the developing countries, may significantly increase the risk of these territories with high concentration of populations and existing gaps of system resilience.



Large cities are often agglomerations of different separate cities and towns which became integrated into a larger size urban as the larger city grows larger over time. However, these separate areas often retain some form of autonomous political entity.

This makes it very challenging for the larger metropolitan agglomeration to coordinate sustainable growth of its infrastructure, personal mobility, safeguarding food security, managing waste and social development such as education, health, security and housing rules and regulations



There is an urgent need to address the specific challenges of SDG implementation of such metropolitan areas and to complement the VNR and VLR with a VMR (Voluntary Metropolitan Review.

It is also needed to uncover the distinct system characteristics of hybrid metropolitan administrative systems with permeable boundaries due to the agglomeration arrangements.







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