Assessing SDGs interlinkages, interactions, synergies, nexuses and trade-offs

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In September 2015, the UN General Assembly adopted the Sustainable Development Summit. 17 goals, 169 goals, and 244 indicators.

In November 2015, Parliament of Mongolia passed the DPPL by Resolution No. 105.

The Parliament of Mongolia passed Resolution No. 19 on February 5, 2016. 4 directions, 14 sectors, 44 objectives are to be implemented in 3 stages.
LONG 15-20 years

Development of Vision of Mongolia

“SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT VISION 2030”

MEDIUM 8-10, 3-5 years

- State policy;
- Regional Development Policy;
- Aimag and soum development vision

8-10

- Government Action Plan;
- Governor’s Action Plan;
- National Programs and Sub-Programs;
- Public Investment Program

3-5

SHORT 1 year

- Socio-Economic Development Guideline;
- Socio-Economic Development Guideline for aimag, capital city, soum, districts;
- National and Local Budget

GLOBAL SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS

DEVELOPMENT POLICY PLANNING LAW
Mongolia Sustainable Development Vision–2030 was approved by the Parliament Resolution No. 19 of February 5th, 2016. It has 4 development pillars, 44 goals across 14 sectors to be implemented in 3 stages.

VISION

By 2030, Mongolia aspires to be amongst leading middle-income countries based on per capita income. It hopes to be a multi-sector stable economy, and a society dominated by middle and upper-middle income classes, which would preserve ecological balance, and have stable and democratic governance.

- Sustainable economic development: 7 sectors, 22 goals
- Sustainable social development: 3 sectors, 12 goals
- Sustainable environmental development: 3 sectors, 6 goals
- Sustainable development governance: 4 goals
<p>| | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
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<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Ensure the alignment of long, medium and short-term, national, sectoral and sub-national development policy documents</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Develop and strengthen national institutional frameworks for development planning and ensure its stability</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Ensure the alignment of priority objectives with budgeting and financing</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>
## Policies That Need to Be Reviewed

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Count</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>567</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Active</td>
<td>203</td>
<td>Parliament resolution 51 Vision 5 Policy 23 Policy basis 1 Strategy 2 Guideline 6 National Program 6 Program 1 Plan 3 Direction 1 List 1 Cabinet of ministers’ resolution 145 Policy 12 Strategy 9 National Program 70 Program 29 Subprogram 2 Master plan 1 Plan 13 Direction 5 List 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stopped</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inactive</td>
<td>68</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finished</td>
<td>294</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Coherence of Existing Development Policies

[Chart showing coherence of existing development policies]
Formulated an evaluation process as advised by the Stockholm Environment Institute of Sweden.

It is being tested by certain sectors such as mining and energy.

Aiming to train policy planners in all areas.

The evaluation process will include participation from all ministries and public institutions involved in policy making/issues.
# Sectoral consultations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sectors</th>
<th>Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Agriculture Sector Consultation: Animal Husbandry</td>
<td>2017.04.26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Agriculture Sector Consultation: Farming and Crop Production</td>
<td>2017.04.27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Mining Sector Consultation: Exploration</td>
<td>2018.02.08</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Mining Sector Consultation: Heavy Industry</td>
<td>2018.02.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Tourism Sector Consultation</td>
<td>2018.03.01-02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Sectoral Consultation on Light Industry (6 sub-sectors)</td>
<td>2018.03.12-13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Food Sector Consultation (6 sub-sectors)</td>
<td>2018.04.02-03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. Construction Sector Consultation (3 sub-sectors)</td>
<td>2018.04.16-17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. Road and Transportation Sector Consultation (4 sub-sectors)</td>
<td>2018.05.09-10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11. Education Sector Consultation (6 sub-sectors)</td>
<td>2018.06.11-12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12. Environment Sector Consultation (4 sub-sectors)</td>
<td>2018.06.18-19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13. Health Sector Consultation (4 sub-sectors)</td>
<td>2018.06.21-22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14. Energy Sector Consultation</td>
<td>2018.07.02</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
GUIDELINE FOR ASSESSING POLICY COHERENCE AND TARGET SETTING

1. ASSESS POLICY COHERENCE

- SDG-SDV-2030
  - State Policies
    - Regional Development Policy
  - Vision for Development of Aimag and Soum
    - Governor’s Action Plan
      - Sub-Programs

2. SET DEVELOPMENT TARGETS

- MSDV-2030
- SDGs
- New Policy Documents

**Outcome**

**Intermediate Outcome**
- Irrelevant policy documents are abolished
- Policy documents not consistent with long term goals are reviewed and amended

**Final Outcome**
- Interlinkages between policy documents will be ensured
- SDG targets will be set
ORGANIZATIONAL MAP FOR ASSESSING POLICY COHERENCE AND TARGET SETTING

GOVERNMENT

List of policy documents that need to be amended or re-adopted with corresponding recommendations

A comprehensive recommendation on follow-up actions to the development of methodologies, standards or data collection for indicators that are not readily available

Principal Working Group

Chairperson: CHIEF OF CABINET SECRETARIAT

Members:
- STATE SECRETARIES OF ALL THE MINISTRIES
- CHAIRMEN OF ALL POLICY-MAKING BODIES

Secretary: Chairman of NDA

Sub-Working Group Chairs (STATE SECRETARIES of):

1. Ministry of Labour and Social Welfare
2. Ministry of Food, Agriculture, Light Industry
3. Ministry of Health
4. Ministry of Education, Culture, Sciences and Sports
5. Ministry of Environment and Tourism
6. Ministry of Justice and Internal Affairs
7. Ministry of Finance
8. Ministry of Construction and Urban Development

Results from assessing policy coherence

Guidance and support to provided to sub-working groups in target setting

Results of the work on setting the indicators and targets for the SDG at the national level, and related recommendations

Feedback and suggestions on the policy document that need to be amended or re-adopted

Sub-working group 1
Poverty, employment, gender equality, population, security

Sub-working group 2
Food, agriculture, industry

Sub-working group 3
Health, hunger

Sub-working group 4
Education, culture, science, Cultural heritage

Sub-working group 5
Environment, tourism, disaster, water, land

Sub-working group 6
Governance, human right, equality, violation, migration

Sub-working group 7
Economy, production, cooperation, partnership

Sub-working group 8
Infrastructure, urban development, planning, construction
Four type of assessment was conducted by the Principal Working Group:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Assessment</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Whether policies are compliant with the Law</td>
<td>on Development Policy and Planning</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Whether policies have targets and indicators</td>
<td>for each goal and objective</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The extent of alignment between existing short</td>
<td>and medium-term policies and SDGs, MSDV-2030, the Government Action Programme,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>and medium-term policies and sectoral long-term</td>
<td>and sectoral long-term policies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>How short and medium-term policy outcomes</td>
<td>are contributing towards achieving the MSDV-2030</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Based on results of the review, necessary adjustments will be made to align policies with the SDGs.
THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION