



Uganda's SDGs Financing Mechanisms

2024 Executive Training Course
for Policymakers on the 2030
Agenda

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Presentation Outline

Background

SDG Coordination framework

SDG Mainstreaming and financing mechanisms

NDCs and climate financing

Background

Adopted in **2015** by United Nations Member states.

The SDGs aim to address

□ **social,**

□ **economic, and**

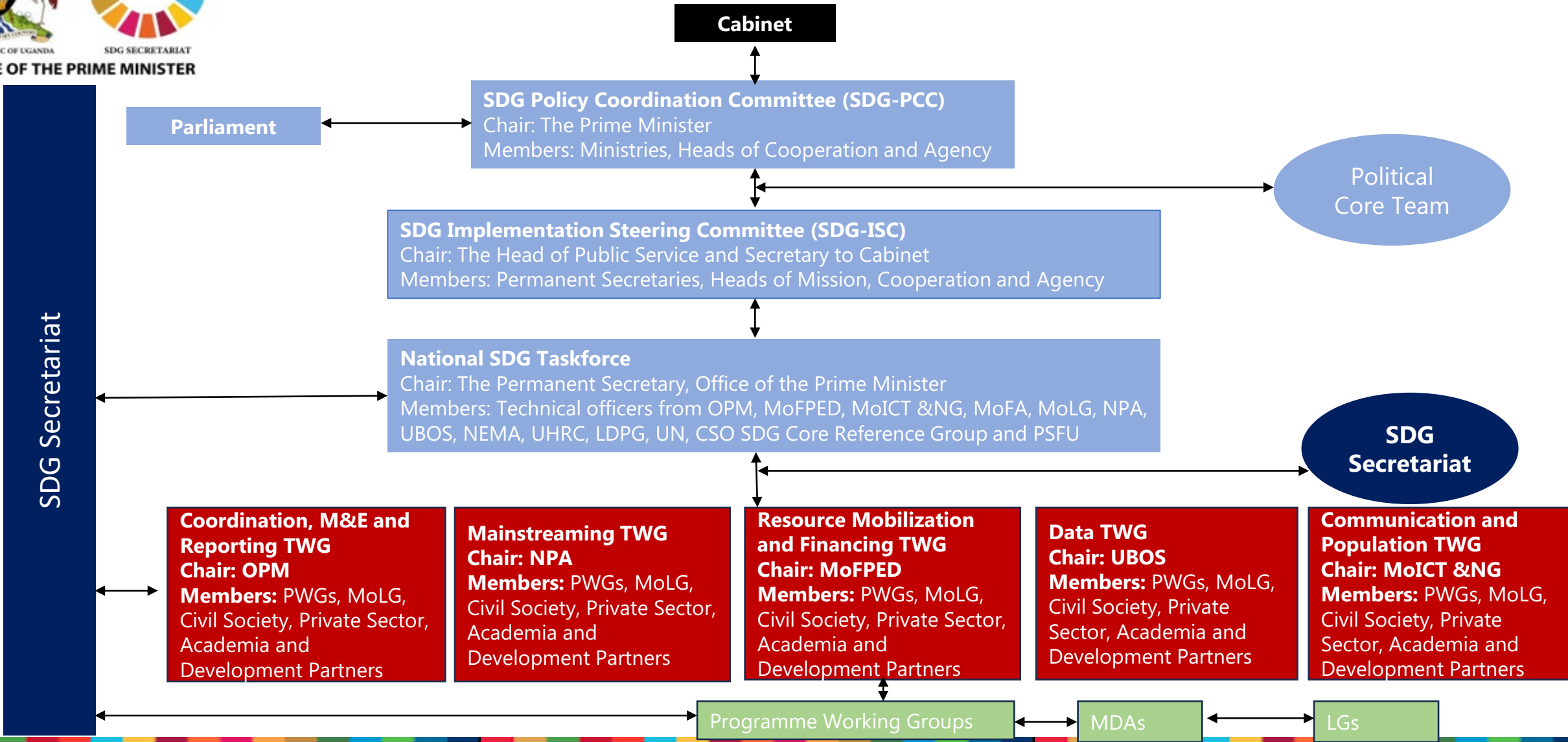
□ **environmental challenges**

...to end poverty, protect the **Planet**, and ensure that all **People** enjoy **Peace** and **Prosperity** through **Partnerships** by **2030**.





Uganda's SDG Coordination Framework



Planning and Mainstreaming of SDGs into NDPs

NDPIII GOAL AND PROGRAMMES	SDGs	AA2063 (PA – Priority Area)	EAC 2050
Goal: Increase Household Incomes and improve quality of life (GDP per capita, poverty, inequality, human development)	SDG: 1,2,3,4,5,8,10	Goal 1 – PA: Incomes; poverty and inequality Goal 4 - Sustainable and inclusive economic growth	Socio-Economic Indicators: Poverty; Income Distribution (Gini Co-efficient)
PROPOSED PROGRAMME	SDG	AA2063: (PA – Priority Area)	EAC 2050
AGRO-INDUSTRIALIZATION PROGRAMME	SDG: 2, 9, 12	Goal 4 - PA 4.2: STI driven manufacturing/ industrialization, Target b Goal 5: Modern agriculture	Goal: Agricultural production and productivity, GOAL: Leveraging industrialization (Agro-processing industry)



Planning and Mainstreaming SDGs into NDPs

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SDG SECRETARIAT

Agro-Industrialization

2 ZERO HUNGER

9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION

Mineral Based Industrialization

9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION

Sustainable Development of Petroleum

9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION

Tourism Development

8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH

Private Sector Development

8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH

9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

Manufacturing

8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH

13 CLIMATE ACTION

9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION

Digital Transformation

9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS

Transport Infrastructure and Services

9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION

Sustainable Energy

7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY

12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION

Human Capital Development

3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING

1 NO POVERTY

4 QUALITY EDUCATION

10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES

5 GENDER EQUALITY

8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH

6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION

Natural Resources, Environment, Climate Change, Land and Water Management

12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION

13 CLIMATE ACTION

14 LIFE BELOW WATER

15 LIFE ON LAND

Sustainable Urbanization and Housing

11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES

Innovation, Technology Transfer and Adoption

17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS

Community Mobilisation

1 NO POVERTY

16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS

Regional Balanced Development

1 NO POVERTY

3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING

4 QUALITY EDUCATION

10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES

Governance and Security

16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS

Public Sector Transformation

16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS

17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS

Development Plan Implementation

16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS

17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS



Planning and Budget Alignment through Certificate of Compliance

- The Certificate of Compliance (CoC) serves the following five (5) core purposes:
 1. Support execution of oversight functions of:
 - ✓ Parliament, regarding budget appropriation
 - ✓ Oversight institutions (OAG, Non-State Actors) to strengthen accountability mechanisms.
 2. Informs Cabinet decision making during the consideration of the annual budgets.
 3. Helps MDAs and LGs to improve alignment & performance towards achievement of the NDP and SDGs and their targets.
 4. Gauging Uganda's commitment to achieving the international agenda that is delivered through budget interventions and allocations.
 5. Inform the Public about the transparency, consistency and effectiveness of planning and budgeting processes.

Uganda has put in place the Charter for Fiscal Responsibility which ensures.....:

- Sufficiency in revenue mobilization to finance government budget.
- Maintenance of Prudent and Sustainable levels of public debt consistent with Uganda's Medium Term Debt Management Strategy
- Sustainable Fiscal balance over the medium term.
- Prudent management of petroleum resources and other finite natural resources for the benefit of current and future generations.
- Management of Fiscal risk in a Prudent manner.
- Consistency of Medium-Term Expenditure Framework with the National Development Plan; and
- Efficiency, Effectiveness and Value for Money in public expenditure

Financing and resource mobilization

- ❑ Uganda has developed a domestic resource mobilization strategy and Integrated National Financing Framework (INFF) to continue --- **enhance domestic** revenue to fund priority interventions in the SDGs and National Development Plan ---**Proper alignment** and cohesion and synergies in allocation and implementation

- ❑ **Developed the integrated SDG (iSDG) model for Uganda**
 - Through the model three categories of interventions as SDG accelerators (**Environment, Governance & Industry**) have been identified. The accelerators identified also provided the basis for the NDPIII investment priorities including the combination of cross-cutting programmes (Health, Education and Infrastructure) delineated in 3rd NDP.

- ❑ **Approaches being explored;**
 - The Government continues to explore mobilizing finances from other non-traditional sources (Climate Action Funds, and other blended finances such as Capital Markets and sale of Carbon credits).
 - Access to long term low interest financing to finance long term development projects



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SDG Summit and Uganda's Commitments

SDG Summit



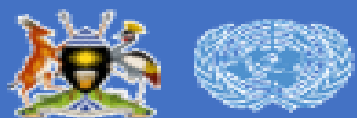
SDG Commitments

- (i) Accelerating Leave No One Behind Agenda through the inclusive Parish Development Model Implementation
- (ii) Accelerate inclusive actions for Trade financing and Climate-Smart investments;**
- (iii) Accelerate inclusive actions to leverage Science, Technology and Innovation;
- (iv) Accelerating inclusive economic and social development through climate change adaptation and mitigation
- (v) Accelerate efforts to harness the full potential of data to improve the lives of all Ugandans
- (vi) Accelerate strengthening SDG coordination and service delivery mechanisms.



Partnerships for SDGs: Private Sector Participation

SDG Platform Structure



Round Table 1:
Private Sector &
National
Authorities

Round Table 2:
Private Sector &
Local Governments

Round Table 3:
Private Sector &
the UN

Round Table 4:
Private Sector &
financial sector

Round Table 5:
Private Sector &
academia/CS

Other Round
Tables



**Private Sector SDG Coordination
Platform** (structured space for interaction between
the private sector and other stakeholders)

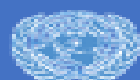


Knowledge Centre & Innovation Lab
(platform to access best practices and innovations,
globally, regionally and nationally)

Access to
knowledge
depositories, data &
analysis

Links to
international and
regional forums

Links to SDG
innovators (public
and private) globally



Technical assistance/BDS facility
(support to design and preparation of investable projects)



Challenge Fund
(revolving fund for de-risking solutions)

Thematic Window
1: Innovative
business models

Thematic Window
2: Innovative
products

Other thematic
Windows

Instruments: grants, concessional loans, guarantees



Parish Development Model: Pillar One Agro-processing, value addition and marketing

Subsistence Households Ecosystem
(Organised around income generating activities)



Subsistence households



Enterprise Groups



PDM SACCO

Subsidised loans

Insurance

Market place matchmaking

BDS

Savings

The PDM Parish Business Ecosystem
Connecting and delivering services to households that operate viable enterprises that can generate incomes and support savings

Data Services

System Services

Support System for SSH



Banks



Buyers



Insurance Providers



Processors



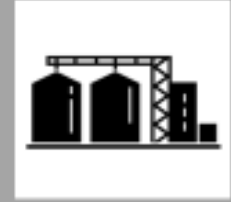
Certified advisors/extension officer



Input dealers/suppliers



Mechanisation



Storage

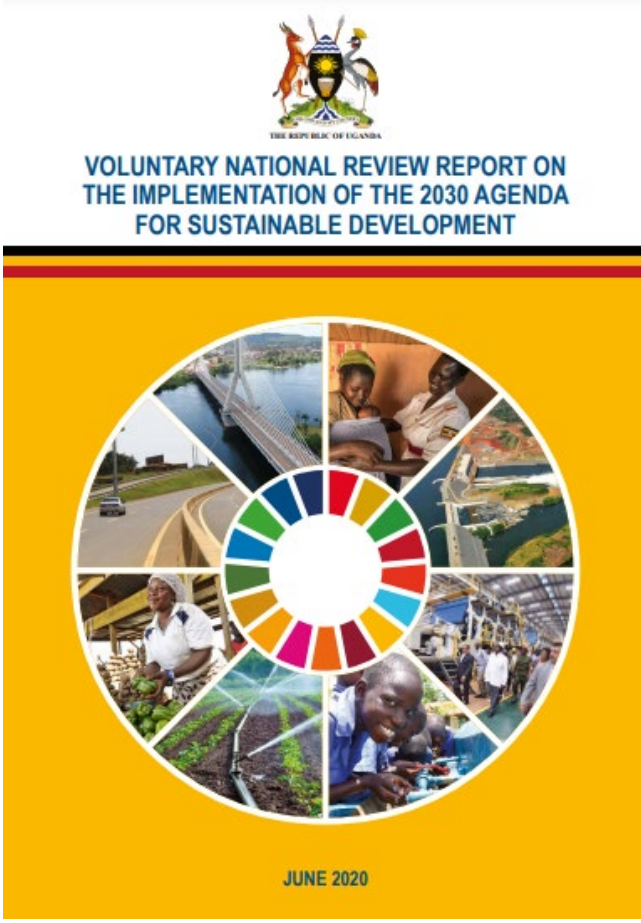
Status on SDG Implementation

- According to the Sustainable Development Solutions Network report 2023, Uganda is more than 50% on track to achieving SDGs by 2030
- Among the 52 African countries, Uganda's overall score stands at 55.0 (higher than the regional average of 53.0)
- Additionally, Uganda ranks in the 6th position in Africa after (Benin, Nigeria, Egypt, , Ghana, and Kenya) regarding Government's commitment in the coordination and implementation of SDGs

Status on SDG Implementation Ct'd

1. 2nd VNR presented. 2. NDP III Aligned to SDGs. 3. Publications on SDGs

- 2015
- 2016
- 2018
- 2019
- 2020**
- 2021
- 2022
- 2023

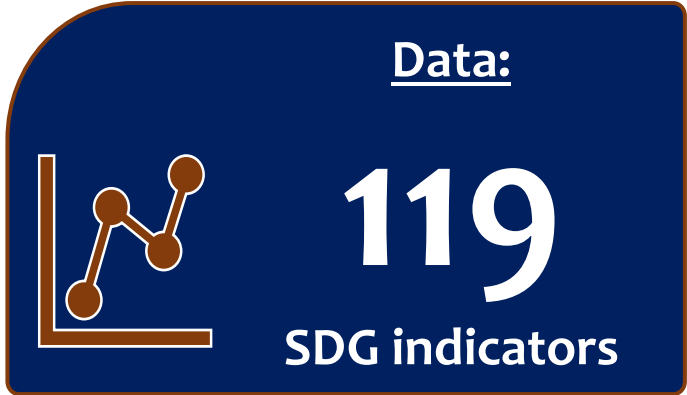
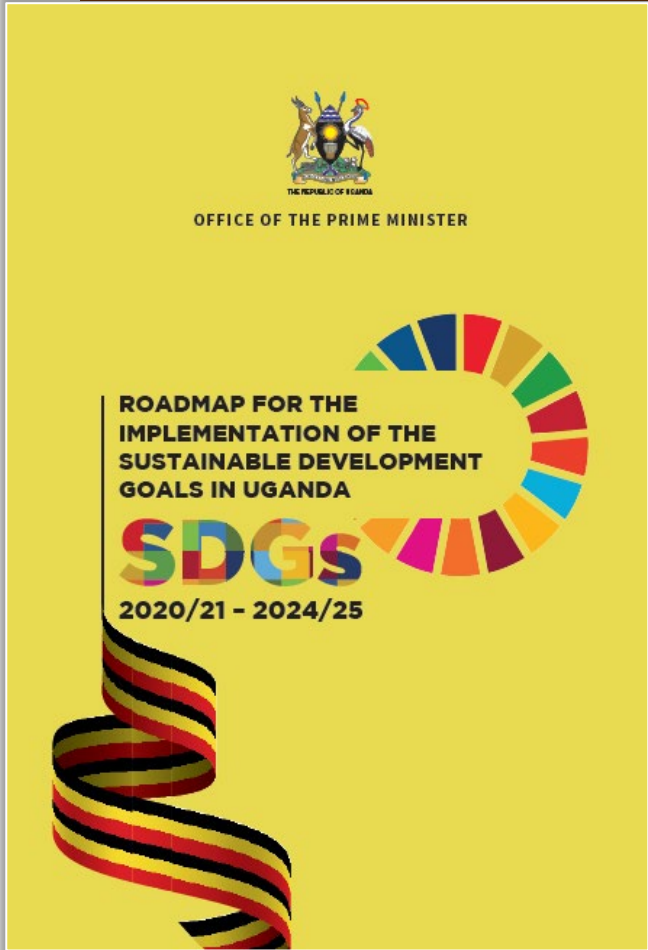


SDG Localization outreaches in DGLs

Status on SDG Implementation Ct'd

1. 2nd SDG Road Map 2020/21 – 2024/25. 2. SDG Progress Report

- 2015
- 2016
- 2018
- 2019
- 2020
- 2021**
- 2022
- 2023



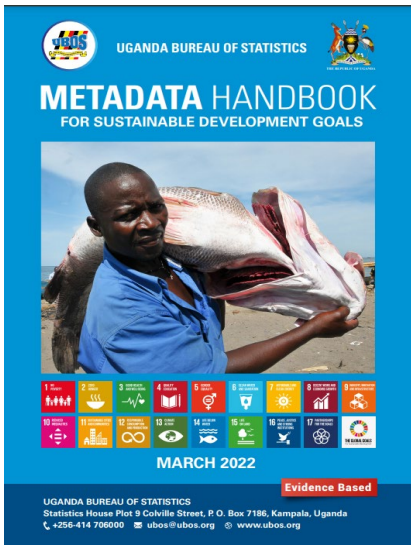
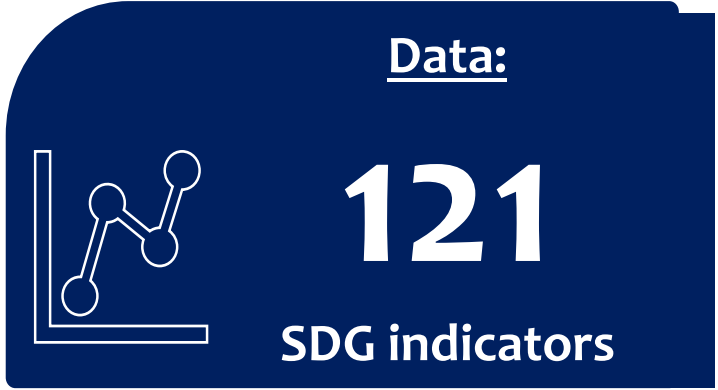
Status on SDG Implementation Ct'd

1. First SDG Conference. 2. Publications on SDGs

- 2015
- 2016
- 2018
- 2019
- 2020
- 2021
- 2022
- 2023



First SDG Conference in Uganda



Status on SDG Implementation Ct'd

1. Second SDG Conference. 2. Conducted 4 Regional Festivals

2015

2016

2018

2019

2020

2021

2022

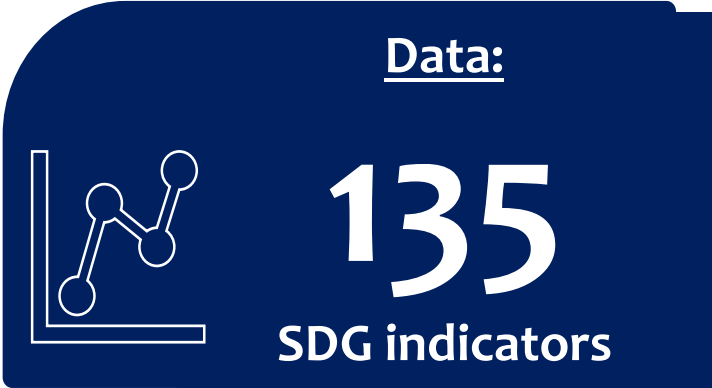
2023



Rt. Hon. Prime Minister.
Robina Nabbanja
Addressing the Second
SDG Conference



Local artists in engaging in SDG Festivals



Status of Implementation...

17
GOALS

169
Targets

231
Global Indicators

201
Indicators applicable to Uganda

135
Indicators with Data points

Uganda's NDC (2020 – 2030)...

- **Mitigation** – Contribution of 24.7% = 36.75 MtCO₂e reduction of emissions below business as Usual in 20230 (5.9% = 8.78 MtCO₂e unconditional, 18.8% = 27.97 MtCO₂e is conditional. Covers six key categories.
- **Adaptation** – Is the government priority response measure to climate change. Covers 13 priority sectors.
- **Finance** – \$ 28.1 billion required to implement both unconditional and conditional adaptation and mitigation Actions.
- **Crosscutting Issues** – Gender, technology and capacity-building are integral to the NDC.
- **NDC has a costed implementation plan and a resource mobilization strategy.** – Many partners onboard: NDC Partnership, GGGI, UK's FCDO, GIZ, UNDP etc.

Climate Finance Estimates

Cost Disaggregation	USD (Millions)	Percentage
Total Updated NDC Cost	28,098.68	100
a) Total Conditional	24,028.24	85%
b) Total Unconditional	4,070.45	15%
Total Adaptation Cost	17,668.89	100
a) Adaptation Cost Conditional	15,168.43	86%
b) Adaptation Cost Unconditional	2,500.46	14%
Total Mitigation Cost	10,323.09	100%
a) Mitigation Cost Conditional	8,760.08	85%
b) Mitigation Cost Unconditional	1,563.01	15%
Total Cross-Cutting Cost	106.7	100%
i. Cross-Cutting Conditional	99.72	93.4
ii. Cross Cutting Unconditional	6.98	6.54%

Access Modalities

- **National budget** – the Public Finance Management Act (2015) and National Climate Change Act (2021) mandate all government entities to allocate resources to deal with climate risks during planning and budgeting. – ‘A drop in the ocean’ vis-à-vis the need.
- **International Climate Change funds** – Ministry of Water and Environment is a **Direct Access Entity** to the Green Climate Fund and Adaptation fund – slow, complex, low access.
- **Voluntary cooperation approaches under Article 6 of the PA.** Uganda is in the tail end of formulating regulations to govern participation in carbon market mechanisms – A work in progress.

New Approaches, New Hope

- A recognition that current mechanisms for accessing climate finance for LDCs and SIDs are slow, complex, resource intensive and highly projectized. Uganda alongside; Bangladesh, Fiji, Jamaica, and Rwanda are pioneer countries to trial this new approach to empower LDCs and SIDs to enhance access to climate finance. UK has committed \$100m. Each pioneer country is supported by an anchor donor and other climate finance providers and partner initiatives to develop an approach which is aligned, coordinated, programmatic and inclusive.
- Uganda supported to establish a **Climate Finance Unit** in the Ministry of Finance Planning and Economic Development.
- **East African Climate Finance Directors Forum** – a platform for peer learning for climate finance mobilisation

New Approaches, New Hope Ct'd

- Uganda is piloting two approaches that seek to take climate finance to the last mile communities.
- **Least Developed Countries Initiative for Effective Adaptation and Resilience (LIFE-AR)**. The aim is to support a shift away from 'business-as-usual' approaches to a more effective and ambitious climate response. It shifts power to the local level, making communities the key agents in driving climate-resilient societies by strengthening local government planning and finance systems to deliver climate-resilient development. **12 Local Governments involved.**
- **Local Climate Adaptive Living Facility (LoCAL)**. Partners: UNCDF + EU and member states especially Sweden. Local governments are supported to develop climate change adaptation plans that meet their community's needs. Actions are financed through special grants, known as performance-based climate resilience grants (PBCRGs) and include technical support and capacity building measures. **8 Local Governments involved**

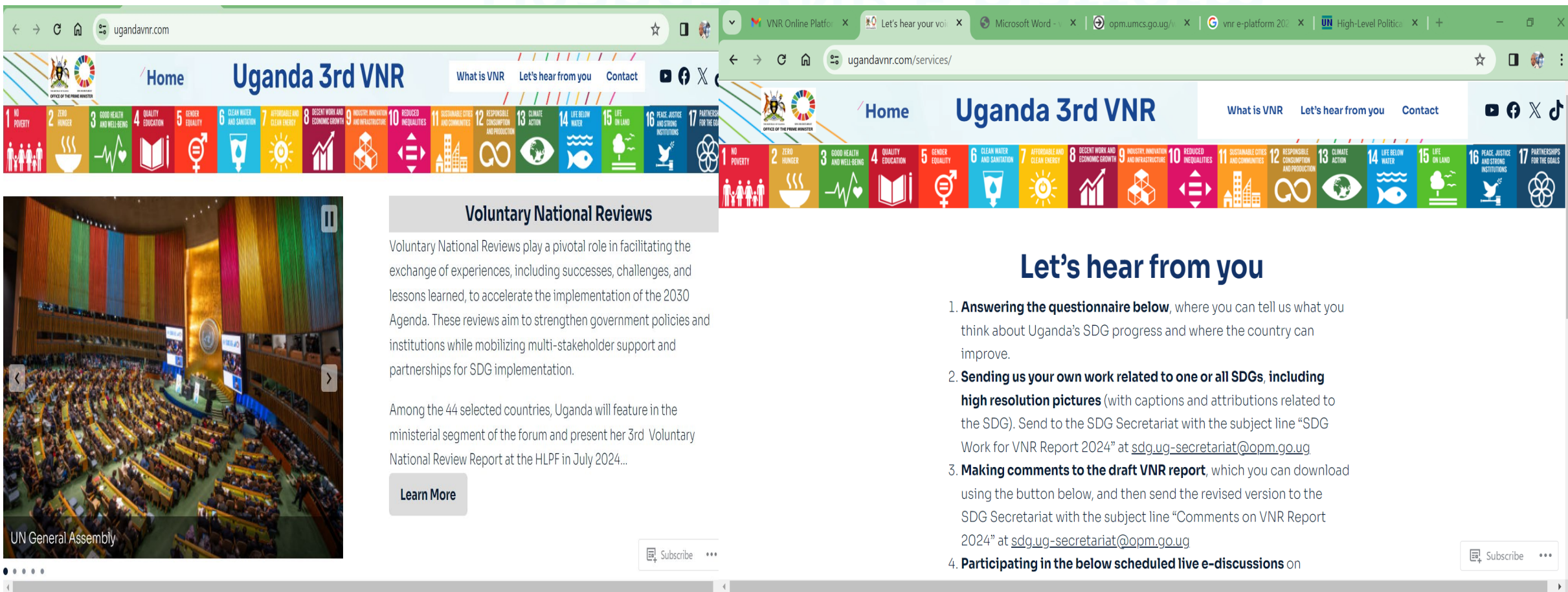
Is Uganda ready for the next VNR?

Will key issues of NDCs and CC be highlighted in the VNR?

YES 🤔 🤔 🤔

Uganda VNR E-platform

<https://ugandavn.com/>



The screenshot shows the Uganda VNR E-platform website. The top navigation bar includes 'Home', 'Uganda 3rd VNR', 'What is VNR', 'Let's hear from you', and 'Contact'. Below the navigation bar is a row of 17 Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) icons. The main content area is divided into two sections: 'Voluntary National Reviews' and 'Let's hear from you'. The 'Voluntary National Reviews' section features a large image of the UN General Assembly and a 'Learn More' button. The 'Let's hear from you' section lists four ways to participate: answering a questionnaire, sending work related to SDGs, making comments to the draft VNR report, and participating in live e-discussions. A 'Subscribe' button is visible in the bottom right corner of the page.

Voluntary National Reviews

Voluntary National Reviews play a pivotal role in facilitating the exchange of experiences, including successes, challenges, and lessons learned, to accelerate the implementation of the 2030 Agenda. These reviews aim to strengthen government policies and institutions while mobilizing multi-stakeholder support and partnerships for SDG implementation.

Among the 44 selected countries, Uganda will feature in the ministerial segment of the forum and present her 3rd Voluntary National Review Report at the HLPF in July 2024...

[Learn More](#)

Let's hear from you

1. **Answering the questionnaire below**, where you can tell us what you think about Uganda's SDG progress and where the country can improve.
2. **Sending us your own work related to one or all SDGs, including high resolution pictures** (with captions and attributions related to the SDG). Send to the SDG Secretariat with the subject line "SDG Work for VNR Report 2024" at sdg.ug-secretariat@opm.go.ug
3. **Making comments to the draft VNR report**, which you can download using the button below, and then send the revised version to the SDG Secretariat with the subject line "Comments on VNR Report 2024" at sdg.ug-secretariat@opm.go.ug
4. **Participating in the below scheduled live e-discussions on**



THE REPUBLIC OF UGANDA
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SDG SECRETARIAT



Relaunching the **'Leave No One Behind' Citizen Dialogues**

Implementing SDGs with Citizens at the Center

Thank you for listening!

