Executive 2025 Executive Training Course for Policymakers on the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development

Call to Action Proposal Plan Template

Based on what you have learned in the training these last days, please share at least two activities you can propose to support that integrate SDG and climate synergies to drive more efficient and effective SDG and climate implementation in your national context. This template is a guide to think about follow-up and applying knowledge and lessons learned and identifying SDG and climate action opportunities/priorities for your country. See the example provided below. For questions or comments please contact your facilitator(s).

Categories for inclusion

Main goal and objectives	What is the key goal that the Call to Action Plan will achieve and what are its objectives for each sector/theme/issue area of importance?
Links with Country Strategies and Policies	What national (and, if relevant, regional and subnational) policies, strategies and plans are important to align the Call to Action Plan with, and why?
Added Climate and SDG element	Explain how climate and sustainable development will be integrated and what is the added value to the relevant thematic area or sector.
Rationale	Motivation for strategy that can be used to make the case to ministers, other ministries and agencies, citizens, banks and development partners etc.
Stakeholders to engage	Reflect on key stakeholders who will be affected, including vulnerable groups, vested interests who could pose a barrier, local communities,
Expected outcome	What is the ultimate successful outcome from the Call to Action Plan when fully implemented? What are the benefits for climate and SDGs, for relevant sectors, for impacted communities, for the government, etc.?
Risk management strategy	What are the most important risks that can create problems during planning and implementation? How will they be overcome?

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Title: Increasing resilience and sustainability of public schools in vulnerable communities and rural areas

Main goal and objectives	Links with Country Strategies and Policies	Added Climate and SDG element	Rationale	Stakeholders to engage	Expected outcomes	Risk management strategy
Goal: to have a more sustainable and cost- effective way to provide electricity for local public schools by adding solar panels to each new school Objectives: 1. To meet the needs of local communities 2. To provide smart and cost-effective solutions to energy deficiency issues. 3. To preserve the environment and lessen the negative impact of fossil fuel-based power plants.	(NAP) National Adaptation Plan Renewable energy strategy: 15% solar energy until 2030 State Program for the Development of Education in the Republic of Armenia until 2030 Armenia joined the International Solar Alliance	SDGs 13, 4, 7, 11, 8, 17 Reducing GHG emissions increase the number of people with relevant skills for financial success education for sustainable development and global citizenship	Prioritization of adaptation activities considering vulnerability to climate change	Local community/municip ality leaders, sectoral agencies and departments, education providers, Youth groups, NGOs, Private Sector (Solar Energy, Electric energy networks) International financial institutions and development banks.	Until 2030 according to the enhanced national strategy 53 schools shall be built with sustainable practices. Increase the digital literacy of children and preparedness for the ICT era.	To avoid overstretching of national budget funds PPPs will be established, relevant private sector actors will have Green energy incentives.

Accelerating Synergies for Integrated SDG and Climate Action, Incheon, 18 - 21 March 2025

Main goal and objectives	Links with Country Strategies and Policies	Added Climate and SDG element	Rationale	Stakeholders to engage	Expected outcomes	Risk management strategy
Goal: To have necessary data and contribute to already available statistics on renewable energy Objective 1: To have informational relevant for establishing national policy on geothermal energy Objective 2: Determine what potential geothermal energy has in the development of the renewable energy industry in Armenia Objective 3: Allow relevant private sector actors to have	Renewable Energy National Strategy 2040: 66% renewable energy by 2036. NAP NDCs: Reducing GHG emissions by 40%	SDGs 7, 13, 12, 8, 17 promote access to research, technology and investments in clean energy	Qualifying existing data and research for exploring feasibility of new renewable energy sources.	Scientific and statistical community, relevant government agencies and departments, Private enterprises, NGOs	Increase the quality and quantity of research on geothermal energy in Armenia. Decrease dependence on imported fossil fuels Provide new opportunities for development in mountainous provinces of Armenia	Geothermal energy while a promising renewable resource presents risks including potential for earthquakes, emissions of harmf gases like hydroge sulfide and carbon dioxide, and the possibility of land subsidence and water contaminatio which is why thorough research on safety of development is necessary.

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