





Webinar Ensuring Resilience, Accelerating Progress – Examining the Impact of COVID-19 on the Sustainable Development Goals

Date: 10 June 2020 10:00 am (Republic of Korea), 7:00 am (Bangladesh), 1:00 pm (Fiji) 9:00 pm (9 June - New York)

With simultaneous interpretation in Spanish and Korean

Registration: https://bit.ly/2XLwuSF

Concept Note

"We need to turn the recovery into a real opportunity to do things right for the future."

— United Nations Secretary-General António Guterres

Background information:

The year 2020 marks the 75th anniversary of the United Nations while the world enters an unprecedented global crisis with severe impacts across the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development and its 17 Sustainable Development Goals. With ten years remaining to achieve the 2030 Agenda in this *Decade of Action*, the COVID-19 pandemic compels a dual focus on ensuring a resilient recovery and accelerating progress on the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).

Today, more than ever, a focus must be placed on realizing synergies and investing in a recovery that will 'build back better". Member States must take stock of the impacts that the current global pandemic is having across the SDGs, particularly from national to local levels, and adopt disaster risk reduction strategies¹ that address all hazards - including biological, with integrated risk governance systems. The COVID-19 pandemic is evidence that risk is systemic. In addition, further discussion is needed to identify the differentiated impacts the pandemic is having on the most vulnerable populations by exacerbating poverty, hunger, malnutrition, inequalities, exclusion, violence, and discrimination.

Current ministerial preparations for the High-Level Political Forum on Sustainable Development (HLPF) reaffirm the 2030 Agenda's role as our *first line of defence against COVID-19*. The impacts from the pandemic are fast evolving and cut across the SDGs, underscoring the need for an "SDG-sensitive response to COVID-19 and rebuilding better to deliver on the Decade of Action".²

¹ The Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction global Target E, shared with SDGs 1, 11 and 13, calls to substantially increase the number of countries with disaster risk reduction strategies. The Sendai Framework was the first major agreement of the post-2015 development agenda and provides Member States with concrete actions to protect development gains from the risk of disaster, including biological hazards such as pandemics and epidemics. https://www.preventionweb.net/files/43291_sendaiframeworkfordrren.pdf

² Current preparations for the 2020 HLPF Ministerial Declaration

The urgency for action is now two-fold: to protect development gains and to accelerate action to achieve the SDGs by 2030.³ We need to take accelerated action for SDG targets on human well-being, as well as biodiversity, disaster risk reduction, and climate change, through coherent, coordinated and risk-informed responses. Furthermore, 2020 is expected to be one of the warmest years on record, underscoring the continued challenges that climate change brings in combination with the global pandemic, the UN Secretary-General announced six climate actions to shape a more resilient recovery from COVID-19, which should guide recovery efforts.⁴

We should seize the opportunity to "build back better" by creating more sustainable, resilient and inclusive societies. With this in mind, the United Nations Office for Sustainable Development (UNOSD) and the United Nations Office for Disaster Risk Reduction (UNDRR) through its Global Education and Training Institute are organizing a webinar to engage national SDG focal points and coordinating agencies, along with national focal points of the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction in a dialogue on how national governments are assessing the impact of the pandemic on key SDGs.

The UN has recognized country responses that are combining the pandemic response and recovery efforts that simultaneously address climate change like that of the Republic of Korea. These national responses are showing that combating the novel coronavirus can be coupled with an environmentally friendly, socially inclusive economic recovery.

Objective and Content

The webinar will examine how national responses are reducing the impacts of COVID-19, especially socioeconomic impacts, to sustain the gains realized on the 2030 Agenda. It will also showcase how national responses can achieve synergies to accelerate a resilient recovery for the SDGs in the Decade of Action.

The webinar will discuss the road ahead to 2030 and how current government responses can integrate disaster risk reduction measures that respond to double or triple challenges many now face as a result of climate change and COVID-19 socio-economic impacts.

Target Audience

This webinar aims to engage national SDG focal point institutions across the UN Member States, as well as national government focal points of the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction. The webinar will also be open to government representatives and non-government experts working in the areas of SDG implementation, resilience, and climate change to ensure a coherent and integrated discussion on the SDGs and the Decade of Action.

Moderator and Speakers

- Moderator: Mr. Sanjaya Bhatia, Head, UNDRR Office for Northeast Asia (ONEA) and Global Education and Training Institute (GETI)
- Opening Speaker: Mr. Jean D'Aragon, Officer in Charge, UN Office for Sustainable Development, UN DESA Introducing the Webinar and Current trends on Pandemic's Impact on the SDGs
- Mr. Moon Tae Hoon, Chairman, National Council for Sustainable Development, Republic of Korea - Lessons learned in assessing the Pandemic impacts on the SDGs and in combining SDGs and COVID-19 responses for resilient recovery and 'Green New Deal.'

³ https://www.un.org/ecosoc/sites/www.un.org.ecosoc/files/files/en/qcpr/DCO_report-24-April-2020.pdf

⁴ Six Climate Actions to Build Back Better from the Secretary-General: First, financing in recovery should focus on jobs and businesses through clean, green transition. Second, where taxpayers' money to rescue businesses, should achieve green jobs and sustainable growth. Third, fiscal firepower must drive a shift to green economy, empowering resilience. Fourth, public funds should invest in sustainable sectors and climate projects. Fossil fuel subsidies must end, and polluter pay principle activated. Fifth, climate risks and opportunities are integrated into financial system, public policy making and infrastructure. Sixth, this should be done by working together. https://www.un.org/en/un-coronavirus-communications-team/un-urges-countries-%E2%80%98build-back-better%E2%80%99

- Ms. Mia Seppo, UN Resident Coordinator, Bangladesh Coordinating UN country responses to accelerate recovery and SDG progress in the Decade of Action
- Mr. David Smith, Co-Author, United Nations Global Sustainable Development Report 2019 and Professor, The University of the West Indies - On resilience of the SDGs and the 2030 Agenda in the context of the pandemic and lessons for SIDS and countries in special situations

Key Questions

- What have the impacts been thus far across the Sustainable Development Goals and how can these be mitigated through more risk-informed national responses?
- How can government responses integrate risk-reduction measures and preparedness that respond
 to double or triple challenges many now face as a result of climate change and COVID-19 socioeconomic impacts?
- How does the Sendai Framework for DRR play a role in mitigating the impacts of future Pandemics so that we can continue advancing with the 2030 Agenda?
- What are the lessons learned thus far in achieving synergies where national responses combat the pandemic's impacts while also accelerating progress to still achieve the 2030 Agenda?

Organizers

The United Nations Office for Sustainable Development (UNOSD) of the United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs (UN DESA) and the United Nations Office for Disaster Risk Reduction (UNDRR) Global Education and Training Institute (GETI)

Agenda

The webinar will last for 1 hour:

- Opening UNOSD and UNDRR (5 mins)
- Presentations (30 mins)
 - Mr. Moon Tae Hoon, Chairman, Republic of Korea
 - Ms. Mia Seppo, UN Resident Coordinator, Bangladesh
 - Mr. David Smith, Co-Author, United Nations Global Sustainable Development Report 2019 and Professor, University of the West Indies
- Q&A (20 mins)
- Final reflections UNOSD
- Wrap up Moderator

For more information

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