

in Asia and the Pacific

Raising NDC targets with enhanced nature-based solutions

With a Special Feature on Engagement of **Children and Youth in Raising National Climate Ambition**









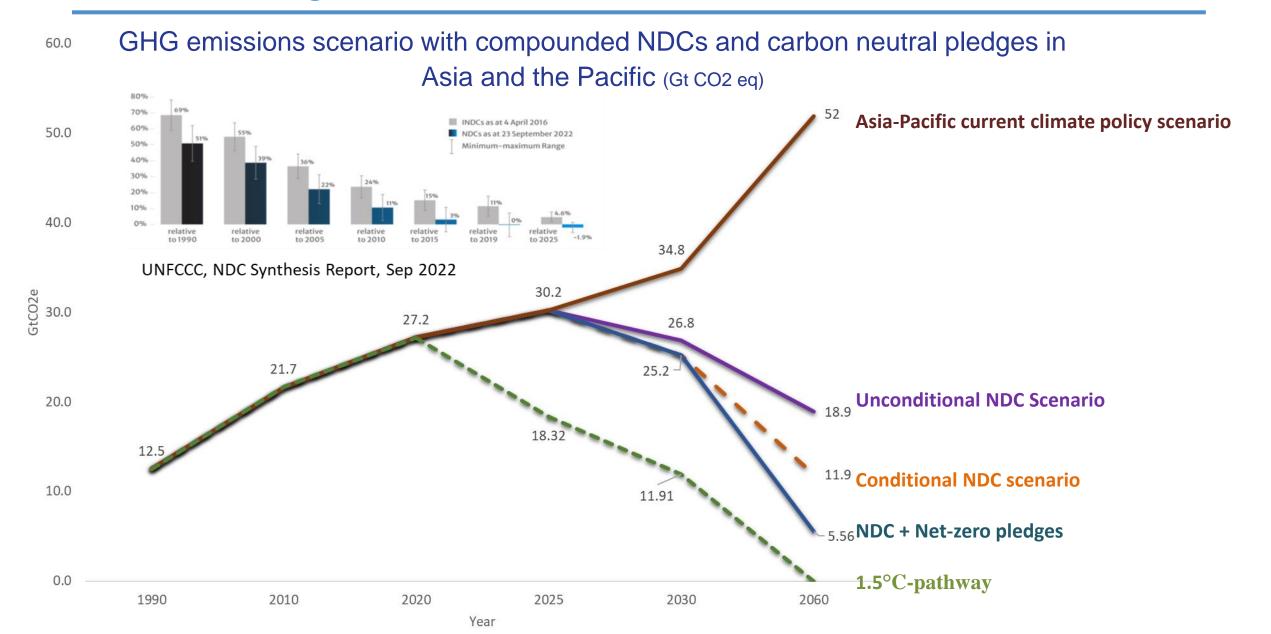
How can GHG emission inventories accelerate climate action and implementation of Paris Agreement

Aneta Nikolova

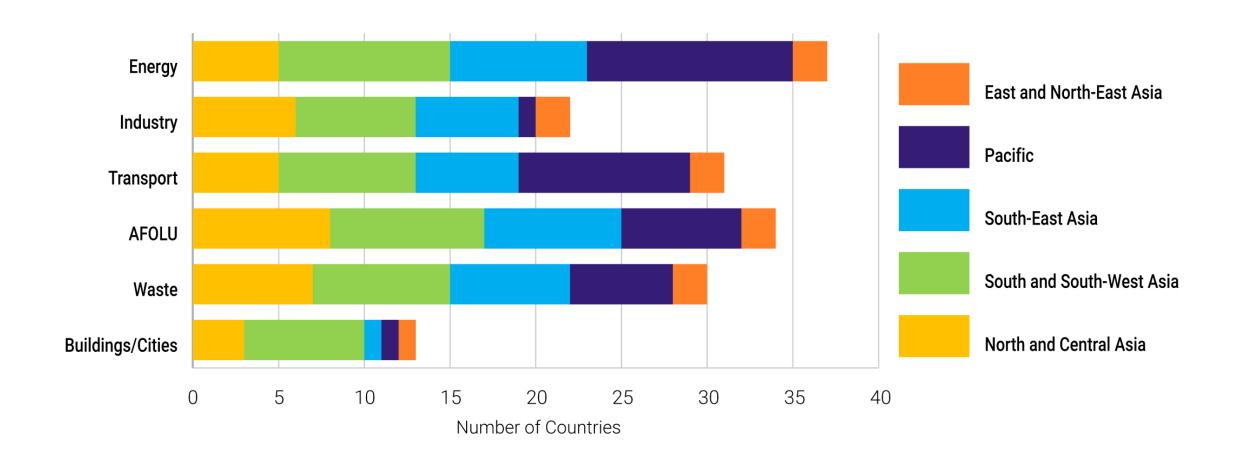
Environment Affairs Officer, Environment and Development Division, ESCAP nikolova@un.org

The 5th Greenhouse Gas Inventory System Training Workshop, 13-15 February 2023, UNCC, Bangkok, Thailand

Asia-Pacific: urgent need to reverse the current emission trend



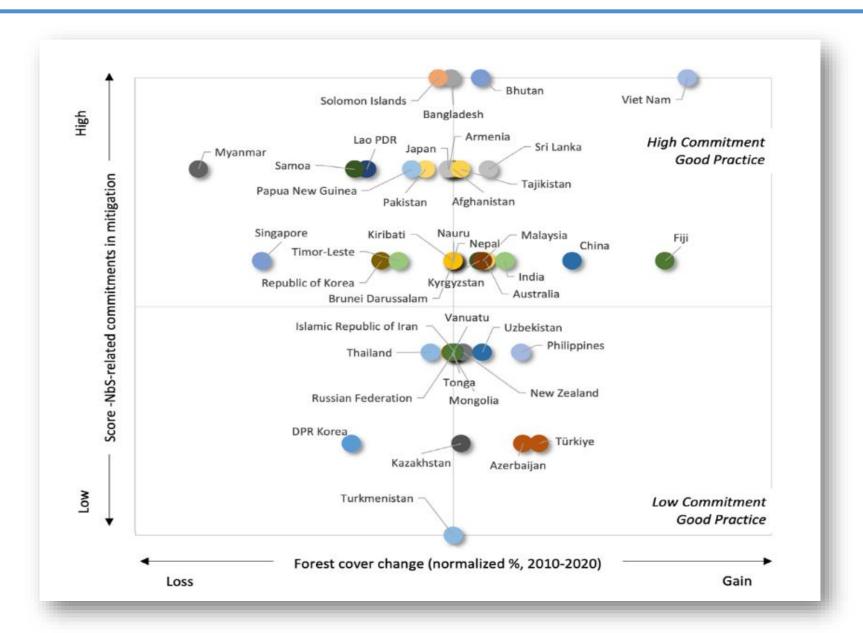
GHG emissions: priority sectors in all Asia-Pacific subregions



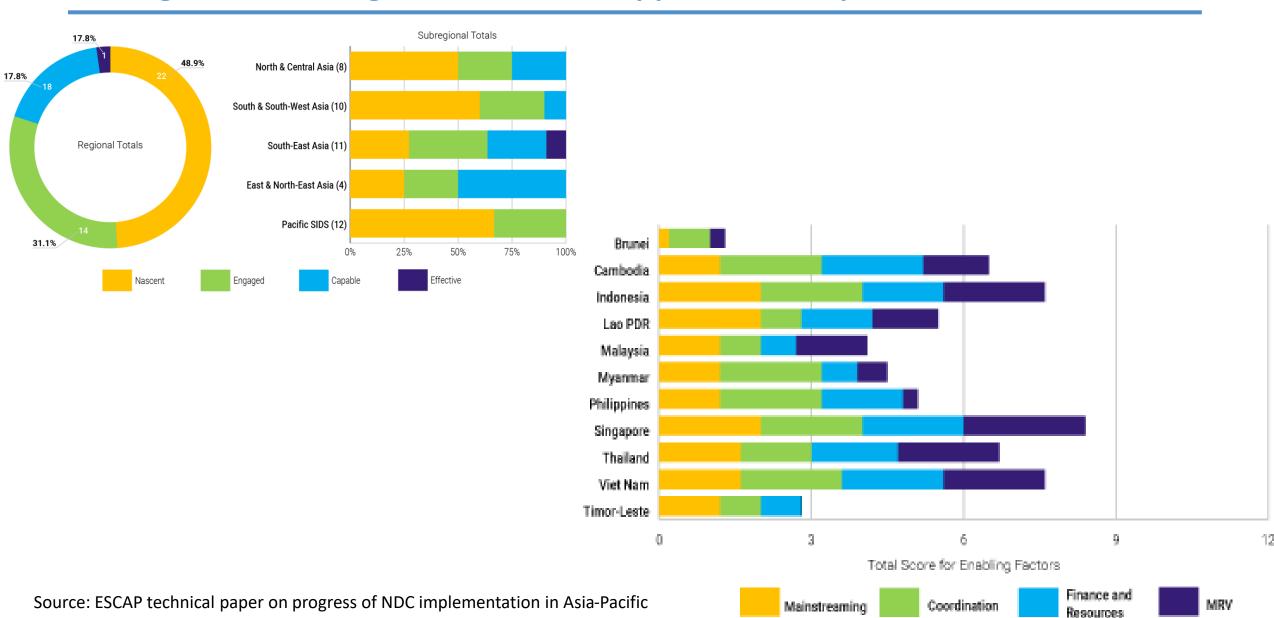
Increasing commitments to CN/NZ, but different stages

Achieved	Adopted a Law	Policy Document		Declaration/Pledge		Not Yet Considered
Bhutan	Fiji	Australia	Cambodia	Afghanistan	Pakistan	Azerbaijan
	Japan	China	Indonesia	Armenia	Palau	Bangladesh
	Maldives	Kazakhstan	Lao People's Democratic Republic	Brunei Darussalam	Papua New Guinea	Georgia
	New Zealand	Malaysia	Marshall Islands (the)	Kyrgyzstan	Russian Federation (the)	Iran (Islamic Republic of)
	Republic of Korea (the)	Nauru	Nepal	Kiribati	Samoa	Tajikistan
		Singapore	Solomon Islands	India	Tonga	Democratic People's Republic of Korea (the)
		Sri Lanka	Thailand	Micronesia (Federated States of)	Türkiye	Philippines
		Uzbekistan	Viet Nam	Myanmar	Tuvalu	Mongolia
					Vanuatu	Timor-Leste
						Turkmenistan

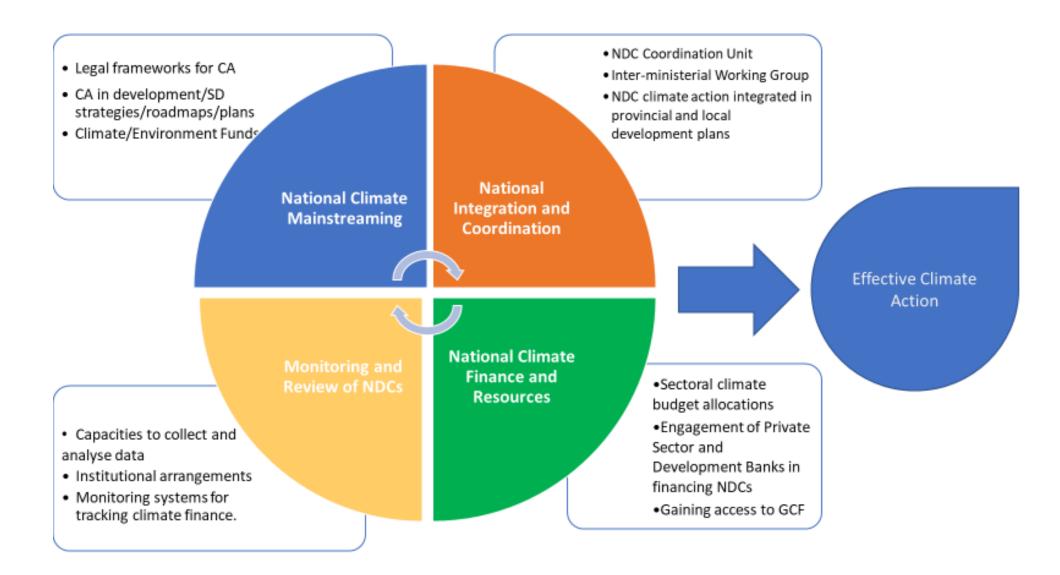
Strengthening Nature-based Solutions to achieve CN/NZ



Strengthen enabling conditions to support NDC implementation



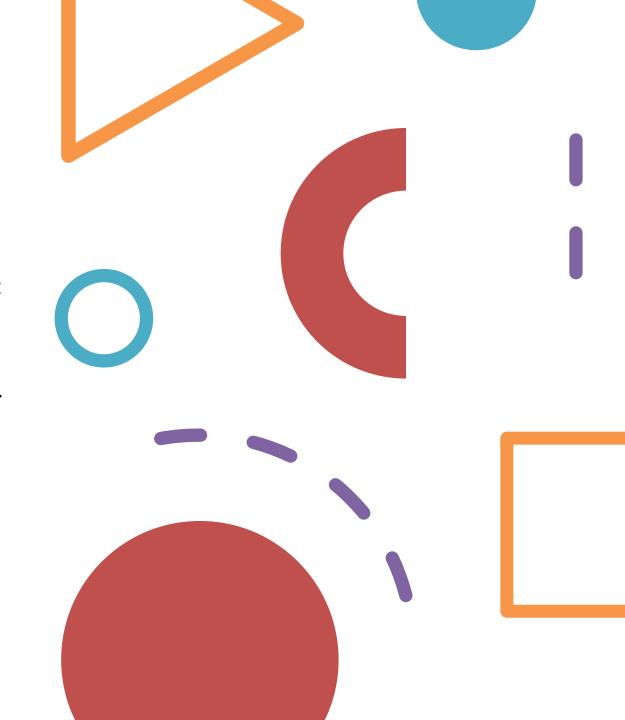
Status of Enabling Factors in South-East Asia



Reporting under the Paris Agreement Action Enhanced (mitigation and transparency adaptation) framework Means of **Implementation** and compliance implementation **Ambition** Global stock-take Science

The Paris Agreement Enhanced Transparency Framework

- The enhanced transparency framework guides countries on reporting their greenhouse gas emissions, progress toward their NDCs, climate change impacts and adaptation, support provided and mobilized, and support needed and received. The enhanced transparency framework also includes processes for technical experts to review reported information and a multilateral peer review where countries can ask questions of one another.
- Biennial transparency reports (BTRs) and agreed that the first BTRs will be due by December 31, 2024.
- **Developed countries:** to complete their existing transparency reports by December 31, 2022 (for developed countries)
- Developing countries: to complete by December 31, 2024



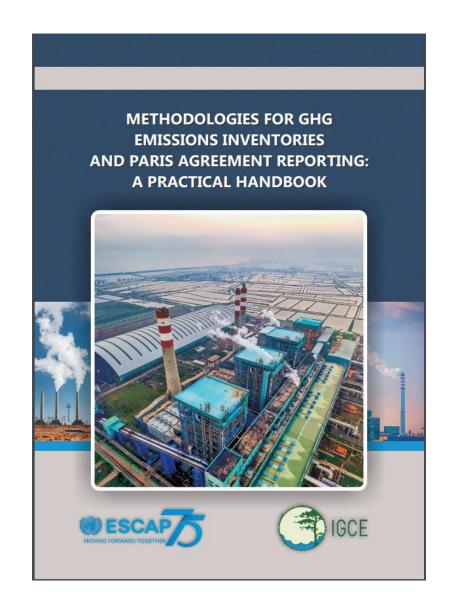
Methodologies for GHG emissions inventories and Paris Agreement reporting

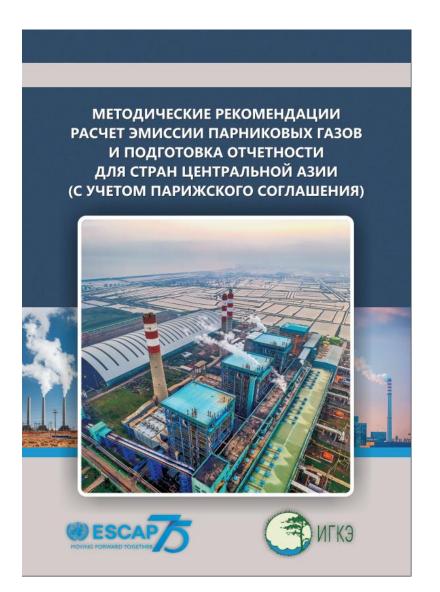
Joint collaboration between ESCAP and the Institute of Global Climate and Ecology (IGCE)

Russian Federation

reportinga-practical-handbook

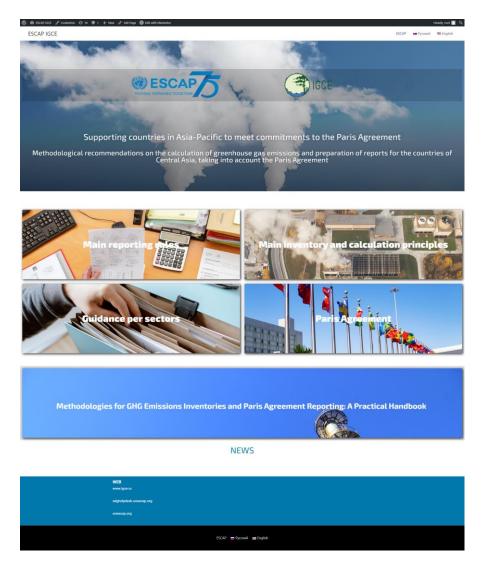
escap.igce.ru





ESCAP E-learning Platform:

https://e-learning.unescap.org/thematicarea/detail?id=44

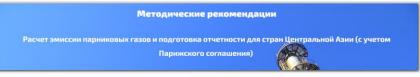




Основные разделы



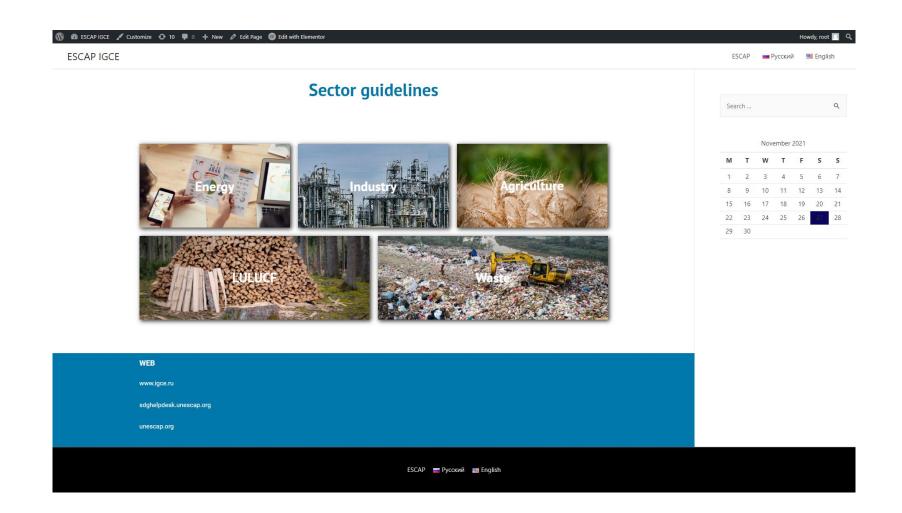
Полная версия книги



новости



First level structure

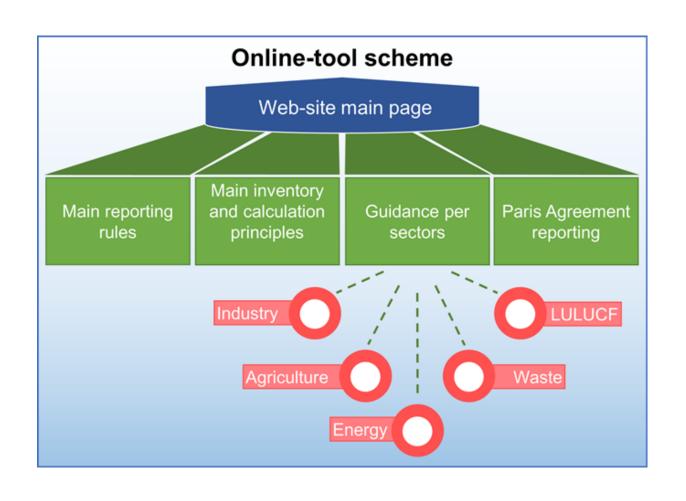




Second level structure

- ENERGY
- INDUSTRIAL PROCESSES AND PRODUCT USE
- AGRICULTURAL SECTOR
- LAND USE, LAND USE CHANGE, AND FORESTRY (LULUCF)
- WASTE

Online Tool in Russian Language



Goal:

to support Central Asian and other non-Annex I
UNFCCC countries in preparation of the reporting, conducting of estimations of
Greenhouse Gas (GHG) emissions

News and presentations in Russian





Презентации



2022 Review of Climate Ambition in Asia and the Pacific available at https://www.unescap.org/kp/2022/2022-review-climate-ambition-asia-and-pacific-raising-ndc-targets-enhanced-nature-based

and

www.unescap.org/cop26 and www.unescap.org/cop27

Thank you