## We're making progress... ...but far too slowly



Amanda Austin Head of Advocacy & Partnerships, Equal Measures 2030 Sustainable Development Transformation Forum 1 March 2022



# Even before the pandemic we weren't on track on key issues related to gender equality:



Family planning



Girls' secondary school completion



Women in government ministerial roles



Workplace gender equality laws

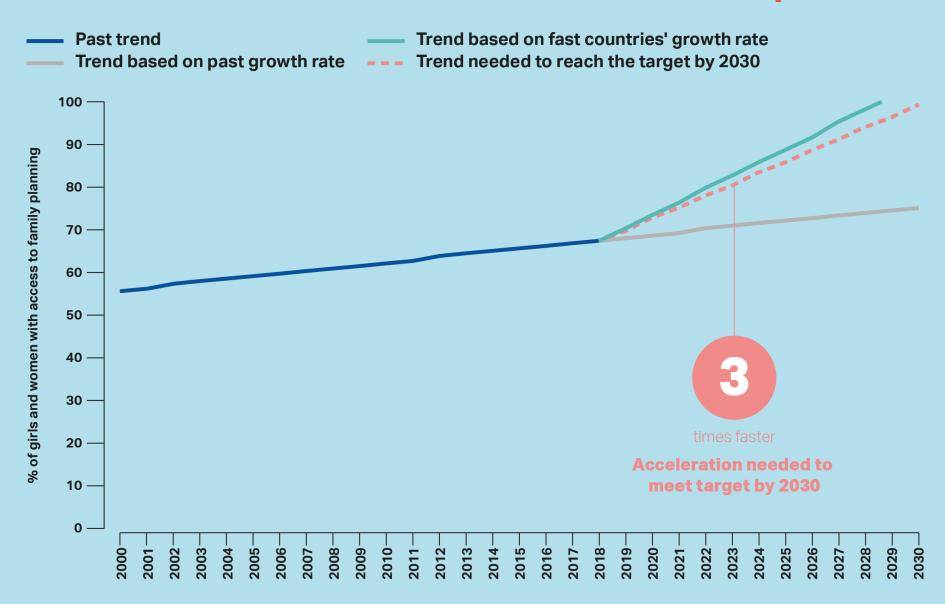


Women's perceptions of safety in public spaces

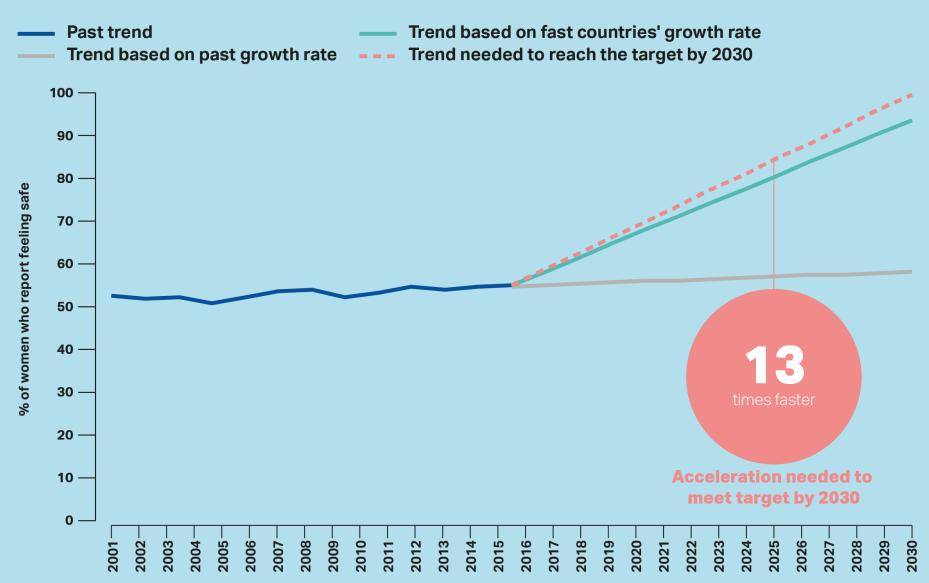


In 2020, we found that 2.1 billion girls and women lived in 67 countries that wouldn't meet any of the five targets by 2030 if their pace continued

#### Access to modern forms of contraception



#### Women's perceptions of safety





### Evidence of stalling and setbacks



Between 2019 and 2020, women's employment declined by 4.2% (54 million jobs) while men's employment declined by 3% (ILO, 2021)

In a survey of young people across Ghana, Indonesia, Kenya, Nepal, Uganda, and Zimbabwe, 1/3 reported they could not access the family planning services they needed. (Rutgers/Young Lives, 2021)

UNESCO projections suggest that 11 million girls might not return to school. Twothirds of low- and lower-middle income countries have cut their education budgets since the onset of COVID-19.

Globally, only 0.0002 per cent of \$26.7 trillion of pandemic response funding opportunities was available to deal with GBV. (Oxfam, 2021)

# Launching 3 March: 2022 SDG Gender Index





56 key indicators

14 of the 17 SDGs

144 countries (135 of which have data that allow for benchmarking)

Covering 98% of the world's girls and and women

### How is the SDG Gender Index different?



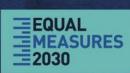
Adds a **gender lens across each of the Goals**, including the many that lack such a lens in the official framework, or where no data are reported at present. The Index makes it possible to track progress across the Goals (and not just SDG 5).

<u>Complements SDG indicators</u> with a wide range of data sources to provide a timelier and more comprehensive picture of progress. This includes tracking of legal frameworks that address gender, global survey data that capture women's views about their lives and societies, and other data collections that are conducted by research organizations.

<u>Tracks progress over time</u>, allowing benchmarking since 2015 to provide insights into how gender indicators are progressing towards the 2030 deadline.

### Join us at our event!





### 2022 SING GENDER INDEX



#### A global virtual launch event Date: 14th March 2022

Time: 10am EST / 2pm GMT / 5pm EAT Place: Online via Zoom

Languages: English, French & Spanish

IS NOT ENOUGH